The Lima Times-Democrat.

VOL. XI, NO. 126. LIMA, OHIO, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1895. PRICE THREE CENTS

HANGING ON

To old prices is no way to obtain new business. When you say ours is an economy store, you hit the nail on the head. We only sell good Clothes, good Hats, good Furnishings, and what is more, we sell them cheaply; just a fair, living profit, keeping down the price low enough to suit everyone.

Of course, we keep a line of goods that is not so good, but we don't make an effort to sell them. For instance, here is a child's suit, which we have marked in plain figures, 98 cents. It is worth this amount, and if you judge value according to the price others ask you, it's worth even $1.50; but if you can use it at 98 cents, well, here it is. But we don't urge you to take it. We rather make an effort to sell you this other child's suit, marked $2.00, also in plain figures. It is a good suit; it is cheap at the price, and will cause you to come back and ask for another suit like it. That is the reason we want to sell the better suit. Of course, we carry a line of all kinds of goods, from the cheapest up, at lowest prices: but what we aim to sell are good goods at reasonably low prices. "Economy Store" is a good name for

The Union Clothing Co.

60 PUBLIC SQUARE.

Negroes For Nicaragua.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, March 13.—The government has arranged with an American syndicate for the introduction of 2,000 able-bodied negroes and their families from the United States, to be employed, most of them in agriculture, in the coast country, and it has received advices that a lot of these negroes are already en route. The syndicate also proposes to erect new telegraph lines and a railroad.

Death of an Old Steamboat Captain.

PADUCAH, Ky., March 13.—Captain Jack Sloan, the veteran steamboatman, known in river circles, died at his home here this afternoon of cancer. He was fifty years old. The career of the deceased was full of interest. He was born in Pittsburg and began life on the river as a cabin boy at the age of 14. During the war he served as captain in the Confederate army.

The President Starts Homeward.

CAPE HATTERAS, N. C., March 13.—The big steam-yacht Violet, on which the president and party of friends have been for several days, anchored in Pamlico sound, duck shooting, raised her anchor about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon and started on her return trip. All the party are well, notwithstanding there were spells of bad weather during their stay here. Mr. Cleveland did a great deal of successful hunting.

Indications.

Eastern: Variable winds, stationary temperature, followed by warmth.

THE MARKETS.

Review of the Grain and Livestock Markets For March 12.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, $5 25@5 50; good, $4 80@5 10; good butchers, $4 25@4 60; rough fat, $3 50@4 20; fair light steers, $3 25@3 60; fat cows and heifers, $3 00@3 80; fair cows and heifers, $2 50@3 25; fresh cows and springers, $15 00@40 00. Hogs—Prime Philadelphias, $4 55@4 65; best mixed, $4 45@4 50; Yorkers, $4 30@4 40; pigs, $4 35@4 40; rough, $4 00@4 00. Sheep—Extra wethers, $4 50@4 70; extra ewes, $4 20@4 40; good, $3 80@4 00; fair, $3 50@3 60; common, $1 00@2 00; best lambs, $5 00@5 20; good lambs, $4 70@5 20; common to fair lambs, $2 50@4 30; veal calves, $4 00@6 00.

Buffalo.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 61c; No. 3 red, 60c. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 48½c; No. 3 yellow, 48c; No. 4 mixed, 47½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 35½c; No. 3 white, 35c; No. 2 mixed, 34½c. Cattle—Quiet and unchanged. Hogs—Light grades and pigs, $4 50@4 60, pigs, $4 25@4 30, medium and mixed, $4 50@4 55, good heavy, $4 60@4 65. Sheep and lambs—Good sheep, $4 25@4 00; wethers, $4 25@4 70; lambs, $5 50@5 85.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—55@55½c. Corn—43½@45c. Cattle—Select butchers, $4 65@5 00; fair to good, $3 30@4 00; common, $2 75@3 75. Hogs—Selected and prime butchers, $4 45@4 60; packing, $4 35@4 40; common to rough, $4 25@4 30. Sheep—$2 00@4 50. Lambs—$4 00@5 25.

Chicago.

Hogs—Selected butchers, $4 45@4 55; packers, $4 30@4 45. Cattle—Prime steers, $5 00@5 40; others, $4 00@4 70; cows and bulls, $2 00@4 75. Sheep—$2 50@4 50; lambs, $4 25@5 50.

New York.

Cattle—$2 75@5 35. Sheep—$3 50@5 00; lambs, $5 75@6 85.

OUTRAGE ON THE SEA

Spanish Man-of-War Fires on an American Vessel.

OCCURRED OFF THE CUBAN COAST

Five Shots Fired but None of Them Hit the American Vessel, Which Was Pursued For a Distance of Twenty-Five Miles. The Affair Reported to the State Department at Washington.

NEW YORK, March 13.—The Columbian line steamer Allianica, Captain Crossman, from Colon, which arrived at quarantine at 11:45 a. m., yesterday, brought a startling tale of outrage at sea. March 8, at about 7:30 o'clock in the morning, when the steamer was off the east end of the island of Cuba, a brigantine-rigged man-of-war, flying the Spanish flag, was passed, steering in the same direction at a distance of about a mile and a half.

The Allianica saluted, and the courtesy was acknowledged, and reciprocated by the Spaniard. A few minutes later a puff of smoke appeared from the man-of-war's bow, and a report followed. This was followed but a few minutes later by another blank cartridge. Captain Crossman did not pay any attention to the shooting, but continued on his course northward.

The man-of-war then altered its course to follow the Allianica, and almost at once another gun was fired, and a solid shot came bounding toward the American steamer, missing her narrowly. Two other balls were fired, but both went wide. The Spaniard fast dropped astern, and, after a chase of about 25 miles, altered her course and headed back.

Captain Crossman can advance no theory to account for the outrageous conduct of the Spaniard, and has written to Secretary Gresham detailing the facts of the incident. He closes his letter as follows:

"I desire to know if this Spaniard had any right to fire on my ship, with the possible chance of endangering the lives of the passengers and crew under my charge, or to compel me to heave to as he probably intended. I respectfully ask for information on that subject, as I did not and do not propose to heave to, thereby losing time on my voyage, to oblige the Spanish gunboats or any other except in case of distress."

Captain Crossman was unable to get the name of the Spanish gunboat. "We were six miles off the shore on the high seas," he said, "and I do not think we were responsible to the Cubans or anybody else for being in those waters. The shots were fire ddoubtless by some conceited Spaniard, who has an idea that he can stop anything that floats. However, he was disappointed, as it never occurred to me for a moment to lay to.

"It is customary for us to run within half a mile of the Cuban coast, and this time we were further away from it than ever, and I really can not tell why the shots were fired."

In answer to a question as to whether or not the shot might have been fired by the gunboat with the idea that his boat belonged to the revolutionists, the captain smiled.

"They might have been practicing on us," was the reply.

The Allianica has been running between this port and Colon for a number of years, making one trip each month. She leaves this port on the 25th of each month and starts on her return trip on the 5th of the following month. She carries the United States mail and has passenger accommodations for 150 cabin passengers. Including the officers, she carries a crew of 60 men.

Captain Crossman is a bit of a fighter himself, and commanded one of the vessels which was fitted up as a cruiser by the Brazilian government during the late war there. He said nothing would have stopped him except grappling irons.

EXPECT AN APOLOGY.

State Department Officials Refuse to Talk on the Outrage.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—No report has reached the state department of the pursuit of and firing at the American ship Allianica off the Cuban coast by a Spanish war vessel, and in the absence of a definite and properly substantiated statements of the facts the officials positively decline to pass judgment in the matter. The questions involved are those touching the right of search of merchant vessels upon the high seas and on this subject there is, and always has been, a great difference of opinion and practice among nations.

The records of the state department, however, show that several rules limiting the search right have been clearly laid down by our own courts, and have been accepted for the guidance of our government in dealing with these questions. In the first place, the right of search is a strictly belligerent right, which means that it can not usually be used in times of peace. In the present case there has been no declaration of war by Spain, no recognition of the belligerency of the insurgents, and no notice to our government of the existence of a blockade of the Cuban ports by the Spanish naval vessels.

Consequently our merchant ships are bound to assume that there is no state of war and that there are no belligerents. Spain has always strenuously resisted any recognition of the belligerency of the Cubans whenever there has been an uprising, yet it is said that she has persisted in asserting rights that could only be recognized after such an admission, and this right of search is one of them.

The impression here is that the Spaniards had heard of the fitting out of filibustering expeditions in Central America with arms supplied from the United States, and that in this case they had reason to suspect that the filibusterers of supplies would be landed by the American steamship at some point on the Cuban coast. It is admitted here that the Spanish cruiser had the right to satisfy herself as to the nationality of the steamship, and according to the principles of international law, she might have signalled and even have safely gone so far as to fire a shot across the bow of the steamship, but further than this, the cruiser, it is said, was not justified in going save at the risk of the commander, if it should prove that the ship was not of the character attributed to her.

So in the present instance several facts must be established as a basis of complaint. First, it must be shown that the steamship was actually outside of the shore limit of six miles, and then it must be made clear that the shots were actually fired at the ship and not across her bows, and on this point there might, naturally, be a difference of opinion on the part of those on board of the steamship and those on the cruiser.

Should these points be established in the affirmative it would seem that the United States had the right to expect an apology from the Spanish government for the conduct of the commander of the cruiser. However, the officials of the state department feel that the captain of the American steamship acted very injudiciously in uselessly endangering the lives of his ship's company and of the passengers, and the safety of the ship, if he had no contraband aboard, for his protest would have been just as effective had he quietly submitted to the search.

MURDERERS SHOT.

Four Italians and an Innocent Boy Killed by a Mob.

WATSENBURG, Colo., March 13.—At 7 o'clock Monday morning two men en route to work at Rouse, a coal mining camp six miles from here, discovered A. J. Hixon, proprietor of a saloon, in a dying condition about an eighth of a mile from his place of business. Mr. Hixon had been struck on the head with a blunt weapon and was unconscious. He expired within an hour.

A general alarm was given and bloodhounds put upon the murderers' trail. In a short time the well-trained dogs succeeded in running down four men, who acknowledged having committed the crime, and each endeavored to lay it on the other. Late yesterday afternoon an inquest was held, at which the guilt of the four Italians was plainly proven. Their names are: Lorenzo Danmo, Jobatto Antonio, Peto Roszetta and Frank Aurico.

Hixon being a very popular man, the feeling among other miners and citizens in general, grew to fever heat, and at the close of the coroner's inquest, the prisoners were loaded into the wagon and started back to jail.

At Bear creek, a region where there is much underbrush, half a mile from Watsenburg, the crack of a dozen rifles, presumably in the hands of miners, rang out. The four prisoners were instantly killed. Joe Welby, a young American boy, who was driving the wagon, was also killed.

The officers returned the fire, which lasted several minutes. The most intense excitement reigns.

Watsenburg and Rouse are both off the main line of the railroad, and attempts to secure further details have failed, because the telegraph offices are closed.

Hixon was an Arkansan, late of Texas, and 37 years of age. He is supposed to have returned from Watsenburg on horseback about 10 o'clock, and to have been taken unawares. The incentive of the murder is a problem, as Hixon was not of an aggressive or quarrelsome disposition.

TROUBLE IN CRIPPLE CREEK.

A Running Fight Between Officers and Miners and Railroad Men.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., March 13.—The whole Cripple Creek district is greatly excited over a running fight between an officer and a number of miners and former railroad men, in which one man was killed and another badly injured.

Constable Frank Lupton had arrested a man named McQuade at Victorin for participation in the railroad strikes last summer. A number of his companions objected, and in the melee one man, S. Ralston, was shot through the cheek. The officers finally got Ralston and McQuade before a justice of the peace, where both were put under $200 bonds, which they refused to give.

Lupton placed his prisoners in a train to bring them to Cripple Creek, but friends of the men covered the engineer with guns, preventing the train's departure. When the constable approached the locomotive the engineer jumped off and ran. Finally the train was started, but after going a mile, was stopped ostensibly to let off passengers.

Patrick Looney and a couple of other men attempted to enter the rear car where Lupton and his officers were. Lupton grappled with Looney, and as he was losing ground, pulled a gun and fired. Looney was instantly killed. The prisoners were safely landed in jail here without further incident, but serious trouble is expected.

Fire in Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, March 13.—The 4-story brick building occupying a square of 100 feet square on the northwest corner of Fifth avenue and Second street, owned and occupied by Charles Felton, and known as Tivoli hall, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The fire broke out shortly after noon from some unknown cause, and burned with great fury for several hours. The flathouse at 36 Fifth avenue, owned by Peter Aynes, and the adjoining building were also badly damaged. The intense heat did considerable damage to the houses on the opposite side of the street, and the loss is estimated at about $200,000. The insurance does not nearly cover it.

Tugboat Wrecked.

NEW YORK, March 13.—The tug Vosburgh went ashore on Romer shoal yesterday during a dense fog. She stuck fast in the mud and the heavy sea running at the time, soon made a wreck of her. As soon as the men on board saw their danger they went on board the scow she had been towing, and soon afterward they were picked up by another tug.

Largest Man in His County.

CLINTON, Mo., March 13.—W. C. Cashman, aged about 60 years, the largest man in Henry county, is dead. He had served 12 years as justice of the peace in this city. He was a volunteer in the Union army during the rebellion, and served all the way through. He weighed 425 pounds only a few months ago.

Fell Into a Kettle of Hot Molasses.

BEDFORD, Ind., March 13.—Henry Bair, while working in a sugar camp four miles south of here Saturday, fell in a kettle of boiling molasses face forward, sustaining injuries that may prove fatal. He was sitting near the furnace, when he fell asleep, with the result stated.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Yesterday's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $188,168,978; gold reserve, $90,030,309.

RIOT IN NEW ORLEANS

Blood Flows Freely All Along the Levee.

NEGROES FIRED UPON BY WHITES

Five Negroes Known to Be Killed and Many Others Wounded—The Dead and Dying Left Where They Fell, While Their Companions Fled in Terror—Further Bloodshed Hourly Feared.

NEW ORLEANS, March 13.—At o'clock yesterday morning, as the negro laborers of the Cromwell line and also of the Harrison line were reporting for work on the levee, at the head of St. Peter street, they were fired upon by a crowd of about 50 white men. Several of the negroes were killed and many of them seriously wounded.

The attack was so sudden and unexpected that the negroes made no resistance, and the uninjured fled from the scene, leaving their dead and wounded companions lying on the levee.

The dead are:

William Campbell, colored screwman, shot at Phillip street.

Jules Calice Carrabe, shoemaker, shot in front of Lyons' clothing store

Henry James, colored, shot in the vicinity of Cromwell line.

Unknown negro, in same vicinity, not yet identified.

Leonard Mallard, colored, scaleman, shot over right eye.

The injured are:

James A. Bane, white, purser, steamship Engineer, shot in the head twice, arm once; dangerous.

Henry Brown, colored, screwman, shot five times, both arms and both legs; will recover.

Tim Porstem, colored, coal wheeler, shot seven times, both legs and thigh and head; may recover.

Lunis Cast, colored, employe sugar refinery, shot in hip; will recover.

Billy Williams, colored screwman, shot in leg; will recover.

Frank Lighthall, colored driver for cement firm, shot in leg; dangerous.

Robert Brooks, white longshoreman, shot with Winchester in right leg below knee.

Two negroes, names unknown, jumped into the river, and it is behoved were drowned.

Henry Blund, a colored laborer, who resides in Algiers, crossed the river in the morning in search of work and had just left the ferry when the firing began. He received a load of small shot in the body and was taken back to his home, where he now lies in a dangerous condition.

The police saw the attack but made no effort to stop it, claiming they were too few to cope with the unexpected outbreak, and up to the present have made but two arrests. Robert Brooks and Mike Fitzpatrick, both white screwmen, were taken into custody early in the evening. Both were wounded—Brooks in the groin and Fitzpatrick in the wrist—and are said to have been shot by their comrades during the promiscuous firing. The prisoners were charged with inciting a riot and remanded to await a hearing.

Calmly reviewing the happening of the morning everything would seem to indicate the attack to have been a prearranged affair. It is rumored, and there is every reason to believe the rumor to be correct, that a secret meeting was held Monday night and the bloody affair of the morning carefully mapped out. The details seem to be that the crowd of rioters who went up town were residents of the lower district, while those who were sent down town were among those who live up town.

The gun rifles which were used by the down-town men who went up town, seems to have been deposited in the vicinity of Nun street, and in the dense fog preceded up the levee. It seemed to be generally understood that the guns made up down town were taken to some place in the vicinity of the sugar refineries in a wagon and then placed away until such time as they were required. It also seems to be agreed that in the preconceived attack that the shooting should be done between 6.45 and 7:30 o'clock, at a time when the men would be going to work.

The causes which led to trouble have been of long standing, and grew out of the attempts of steamship agents and others interested to reduce wages. The white screwmen claim that the colored men, who were given a share of the work under an agreement, made secret cuts and violated the agreement in order to obtain more work, and gradually crowded the white men off. The white associations then severed all ties with the blacks and refused to work with them or for the men who employ them.

The white longshoremen joined the screwmen in this. Since then the steamship lines have been gradually going over to the negroes. Lately the white screwmen quit work on the lines, still loyal to them, and stated that they would not work until the whole affair was straightened out. Several more lines then took on negro labor from necessity. The white union men finally determined to retaliate upon the stevedores by offering to reduce rates and deal with the ships direct.

Ships in haste accepted the offer, but the agents stood by the stevedores. The latter offered to pay more than the screwmen asked, but the screwmen refused to deal with them. The agents offered to pay the screwmen their wages and place the stevedores over them as superintendents, but the screwmen again declined. Then the stevedores began importing colored screwmen from Galveston and the whites, growing desperate, broke loose in riots.

No United States Troops.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The intimation that troops were needed at New Orleans came from the United States district attorney there and Attorney General Olney has replied that the state must first exhaust its resources or deny protection before troops can be used.

The war department officials say that the state of Louisiana, with its militia force of 1,250 men, well drilled and organized, should be able to cope with the difficulty without outside aid. If it should be necessary to invoke the aid of the federal troops, the department now has two batteries, D and L, of the Third artillery, stationed at Fort Jackson, in the city limits of New Orleans, and this force could easily and quickly be supplemented by troops from the department of Texas.

CHURCH RIOT.

Party of Ousted Poles Invade a Sanctuary and Open Fire.

OMAHA, March 13.—During the early morning mass at St. Paul's Roman Catholic church Tuesday a party of Poles, who were formerly members of the congregation but who were ousted by Bishop Scannell, entered the church and attempted to take possession. Father Karminski, who was saying mass, resisted the attempt to capture the church, and one of the invading parties opened fire. Father Karminski at once drew a revolver and fired into the attacking party. After a long fusillade the invaders withdrew, leaving their wounded in the church.

Those wounded were:

F. Dargazzewski, shot through both legs.

John Kozicka, shot through the knee.

Joseph Inda, one of the priest's supporters, stabbed and beaten over the head.

The police were at once summoned, and when they arrived they found an infuriated mob surrounding the church, and it was necessary for the police to fight their way into the church. There they found the priest in possession, backed by five altar boys, and three wounded men lying in the aisles. The leaders of the mob were placed under arrest and taken to the police station followed by an excited crowd. More trouble is feared and another battalion of police is now on duty in the neighborhood of the church.

The trouble was the outgrowth of dissensions which have existed in the church for two years. Bishop Scannell removed the priest in charge in spite of protests of the leading men of the congregation and the matter was carried into the courts. For a time the church was guarded by the police whenever services were held, but three weeks ago the district court decided that the bishop should have possession and the trouble was supposed to have been ended. The other faction, however, was dissatisfied with the priest in charge, and there have been mutterings among the Poles in the neighborhood, but no outbreak was anticipated by the police.

MORE MINERS AT WORK.

Sixteen Thousand Men Are Now Getting the Sixty-Nine Cents.

PITTSBURG, March 13.—Official information has been received here that Hartley & Marshal's Enterprise mine at Banksville and the Venture mine of the Saw Mill Run Coal company, at the same place, had resumed at the 69-cent rate. Both mines are on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie railroad, and employ about 500 men.

It was also reported at miners' headquarters that the Reading mines are also working at that scale. Besides this there are 6,000 men at work at the union rates in the railroad mines, according to the figures of the miners' officials. Thus 16,000 men out of a total of 22,000 in the district are now at work at the 69-cent rate, and the miners claim that the battle is practically won, as the remaining operators can not afford to keep their mines closed and let their trade go to their competitors.

The strike is not yet a week old and the miners feel that their bold, decisive action has won for them the victory. The demand for coal is good and the visible supply is very short. Lake shipments will begin next month and the operators are in no condition to meet the orders which the opening of the lake trade will bring them.

William B. Wilson, the general master workman of the Independent Order of the Knights of Labor, the new labor organization, is in the city and is jubilant at the prospects of the miners. He feels that the first fight of the new order will be a winning one, and if such proves the case, it will receive a big boom.

Anti-Catholic Fight an Open One.

SAGINAW, Mich, March 13.—One of the prominent delegates to the A. P. A. convention said that since the organization has shown such strength at the last elections, the convention would probably decide to merge into a political body, boldly declaring its principles and eliminating all its secret features, thus making its anti-Catholic fight an open one.

Over a Million Feet of Lumber Burned.

CAMDEN, Ark., March 13.—Over a million feet of lumber burned at Griffin last night, a small station 10 miles south of Camden. J. H. McDonald sustained serious injury in attempting to subdue the flames and may die from the effects of his burns. The mill is owned by Cox & Jones.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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Americans Safer Now.

COLON, March 13.—The claims of the United States against this government for having stopped telegrams sent by that government to its representatives on the isthmus, is creating the greatest excitement here. The Liberals say they will see that no property of foreigners is destroyed or touched by the soldiers, and will defend the same if possible against deserters and refugees. The Americans will be safer now, with the presence of four United States warships on the coast.

An Insane Man's Deed.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—Harry Browne, a notorious waterfront character, known as "Horseshoe" Browne, shot and killed his wife yesterday and then killed himself. Browne is believed to have been crazy. Though possessed of over $100,000, he was troubled with a hallucination that he was soon to lose it all. A few minutes before committing the murder and suicide Browne killed two canaries to which he was greatly attached.

Confederate Delegates.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., March 13.—The delegates who are going to Canada in order to confer with the Dominion government on the question of confederation, left here by the steamer Grand Lake Tuesday evening.

Have You Had the Grip?

If you have, you probably need a reliable medicine like Foley's Honey and Tar to heal your lungs and stop the racking cough incidental to this disease. H. F. Vortkamp, 140 North Main street.

WANTED.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Best of wages. Small family. Enquire at once of Mrs. O. B. Selfridge, Jr., 309 west Market street.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Call at B. Frankel's residence, corner North and Pierce. tf

G. E. BLUEM.

Dress Goods Very Low.

The all wool Fancy Dress Goods that were put on sale here yesterday, are very cheap and selling well. You ought not be without one of THESE DRESS PATTERNS: Think of it! only $1.98 per pattern for a nice all wool Fancy Dress Pattern, which is only about 1-2 of its former selling price.

G. E. BLUEM,

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Perhaps you, as a rule, don't read them either—but we ask you to make an inspection and read this one. If you cannot see in it most abundant payment for your time and trouble, don't ever read our ad's again—for we are frank to admit that we do not expect to ever surpass the bargains we offer for the entire week. We are going to sell the following merchandise at these rediculous low prices.

50 dozen Men's Percale Shirts with attached collar..... 44c

60 dozen Men's extra fine Percale Shirts with two collars and extra cuffs.. . 98c

40 dozen Men's fine Shirts, colored bosom and white bodies.... ... . 73c

25 dozen Men's fine Penang colored bosom Shirts with white bodies..... ... ... 98c

25 dozen Men's fine Unlaundried Shirts with colored bosom and cuffs, with white bodies. 49c

40 dozen newest things in Neckwear for spring, latest craze Scotch plaid, made up in Tecks, Four-in-Hands, Bauer and Club House Ties, regular price 75c; our special price.. ..... 39c

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DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Justice of the Peace—John D. Douglass.
For Water Works Trustee—John F. Hauenstein.
For Member of School Board—H. S. Prophet.

FOR MEMBERS OF COUNCIL.

First ward—Maurice Foley.
Second ward—Frank Dietrich.
Third ward—G. M. McCullough.
Fourth ward—Miner Crossley.
Fifth ward—Thomas Greenland.
Sixth ward—Charles L. Bell.
Seventh ward—Thomas Duffield.

ASSESSORS.

First ward—Timothy Rowlands.
Second ward—J. B. Wilson.
Third ward—Jno. C. Moyer.
Fourth ward—Charles Kellar.
Fifth ward—Thomas Johns.
Sixth ward—R B Tolan.
Seventh ward—Hugh Coorey.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COUNTY.

The fee for announcements of names for County offices, in this column, will be $3.00, which amount must accompany the order.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce the name of PETER LEIS, of Spencer Township as a candidate for nomination for Commissioner of Allen County, subject to the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of S. T. WINEGARDNER, of Auglaize township, as a candidate for nomination for County Commissioner, subject to the democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of NELSON M'BRIDE, of German township, as a candidate for nomination for county commissioner, subject to the Democratic county primary election.

COUNTY TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of A. G LUTZ as a candidate for nomination for County Treasurer, subject to the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of MILO D HADSELL as a candidate for nomination for County Treasurer, subject to the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of EDWARD MOORMAN of Amanda township as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of DAVID M FISHER, of Lima, as a candidate for County Treasurer subject to the decision of the Democratic County Primary.

SHERIFF

We are authorized to announce the name of AARON FISHER as candidate for renomination for Sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at the primary election.

INFIRMARY DIRECTOR.

We are authorized to announce the name of ED BERRYMAN as a candidate for renomination for Infirmary Director for the long term, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of ELI MECHLING as a candidate for renomination short term for Infirmary Director of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

State Legislatures.

The Review of Reviews contains a summary of the work thus far of 33 state legislatures this winter. Delaware is one of them, and the work of the Delaware legislature is very easily summed up. Except Rhode Island, she is the smallest state in the Union, yet it takes her longer to elect a senator than it does all the other 43 states put together.

Of the 33 states whose lawmaking bodies met this winter all but four, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, New York and New Jersey, have biennial legislatures. The lawmaking of this year is therefore expected to tide them over till 1897. No doubt it will. Three of the legislatures, those of Illinois, New York and California, are deep in the matter of investigating police corruption. Very instructive it is to observe the trend of public sentiment in different parts of the Union. In the Atlantic states there has arisen a general sentiment against bookmaking, pool selling and all gambling of that kind. Connecticut passed new acts aimed at these evils. So did New Jersey. In the west Kansas did likewise. The most important law enacted thus far by the New York legislature is one giving the mayor of New York city power to remove any officers appointed by his predecessors in office. This was the famous "power of removal bill."

It is gratifying to observe a general movement the country over in favor of improved roads. In half a dozen of the states "good road" laws have either been passed this winter or are now pending.

In the arid belt, of course, irrigation laws take precedence of all others. The legislatures of states wholly or partly included in that portion of it this side of the Rockies are struggling bravely with questions of water supply and water rights to settlers, seeking to do justice to all. Undoubtedly they will evolve after a time the right system. Minnesota and Wisconsin, mindful of the awful experiences of last summer, are occupied with measures for the prevention of forest fires. North Dakota begins to think her lax divorce laws are scandalous, and a bill was laid before the legislature requiring a residence of one year in the state before divorce proceedings can be commenced. West Virginia is going to increase the efficiency of her public school system. Several of the state legislatures are busy with various antiliquor laws, from absolute prohibition to the state dispensary system of Maine and South Carolina.

Public interest was divided the week of the Gould wedding between that and another event—namely, the Vanderbilt divorce. Our leading millionaire families, whatever else their sins and shortcomings, have been thus far singularly free from domestic scandals. In that respect they were a model to their fellow countrymen. But now the record is broken in both the Vanderbilt and Astor families. At the same time that the divorce of Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt from her husband is granted the petition of J. Coleman Drayton for divorce from his wife, Caroline Astor Drayton, is in court, as well as her cross petition against him. All right minded people must regret these suits. Divorce is justifiable and necessary at times, but it ought not to be either justifiable or necessary in families that have all that earth can afford to make them happy as well as honorable and clean morally. People with the millions and the social standing of the Astors and Vanderbilts ought to hold it incumbent on themselves to set a respectable example to the world. And whatever any crank may say the highest and best development of society thus far is the family and a beautiful, wholesome, pure and loving family life. From it has sprung whatever is best in social progress.

The Russian Hebrews who swarmed to this country had in most cases large and not very interesting families. Yet these children are fitting into American and republican conditions with amazing rapidity. They have, to begin, that happy self confidence which characterizes their race the world over. Added to this, they are naturally linguists, understanding in the start the Russian and Hebrew tongues. Knowing these, any other language is mere play for them to learn. Among the brightest and most promising pupils of the city public schools are the young Russian Hebrews. They learn with amazing rapidity often and take naturally to writing, speaking and dramatic display. Some of these young Russian-American Hebrews will be among the prominent newspaper men and politicians of the country when their time comes.

Doctors Off Guard.

When doctors disagree, there is fun indeed. This is especially the case if an outsider can slip into one of their meetings unknown to them and hear their unrestrained outpourings. A reporter of the Kansas City Star thus slid into a meeting of the Academy of Medicine at that city. They thought he was a stranger physician and did not in the least curb themselves, but let out a number of secrets which wild horses could not otherwise have torn from them.

A large part of the exercises of the evening consisted in whacking druggists over the head for usurping the duties of the physician. Yet one of the learned gentlemen cried out boldly: "We all believe homeopathy to be a fraud; nevertheless it has taught us to be more careful of our patients' stomachs. And who is responsible for the army of opium fiends? Who made the morphine eater? You—you did it, gentlemen, with your damnable prescription of the drug, whereby the innocent and unsuspecting have become your wretched victims."

Another doctor declared that nowadays graduates of medicine did not know the drugs they prescribed when they saw them, while yet another said emphatically that hardly one doctor in ten knew how to write a prescription properly. A druggist present got in his work by declaring that often doctors did not know the nature of their own prescriptions, and that druggists had to step in and save them from killing their patients by explaining to them the kinds of drugs they were mixing together.

The Silver Conferences.

There have been three of them already. The one now in prospect will be the fourth. The peculiar feature about the conferences gone before is that they were every one called by the United States. This time Germany does the calling. The report of the most careful observers is that there is a trend in Europe toward silver. The first silver or bimetallic international conference was held at Paris in 1878. The conclusions of that conference, from which Italy and the United States dissented, were that each country should settle for itself the question of bimetallism or monometallism, and that the differences of opinion were so wide and so bitter that there could be no international agreement on a common coinage ratio between gold and silver.

Again the United States called a bimetallic conference, in April, 1881. It also met in Paris. Germany had taken no part in the first conference. In the second one she was represented, as also was India. But the delegates reached no conclusion whatever. Then came the third conference, called by President Harrison in 1892. It met at Brussels. All the powers of western Europe and those of Turkey, Roumania and Mexico besides were represented. The delegates talked an unconscionable quantity and again adjourned without making any recommendations. It looks now as though, if they meet again, they will do somethir

Rich Red Blood

In the body of an adult person there are about 18 pounds of blood.

The blood has as its most important elements, small round corpuscles, red and white, in proportion of about 300 red to 1 white one.

If the number of red corpuscles becomes diminished and the white ones increased the blood is impure, thin, lacking in the nutrition necessary to sustain the health and nerve strength of the body.

Then That Tired Feeling, Nervousness, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, or others of the long train of ills, according to the temperament and disposition, attack the victim.

The only permanent remedy is found in a reliable blood medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acts upon the red corpuscles, enriching them and increasing their number. It thus restores the vital fluid to healthy condition, expels all impurity, cures Nervousness, That Tired Feeling, Scrofula and all other diseases arising from or promoted by low state of the blood.

That these statements are true we prove not by our own statements, but by what thousands of perfectly reliable people say about Hood's Sarsaparilla. Read the testimonial in the next column from a beloved clergyman. Then take

"In view of the benefit I have had from Hood's Sarsaparilla I wish to give the following testimonial. I have several times been badly

Poisoned With Creeping Ivy.

As the old school of medicine simply tried to remove the symptoms instead of the sources of them, much of the poison was left in my system to appear in an itching humor on my body with every violent exertion in warm weather. At all times there were more or less indications of poison in my blood, up to a year ago last winter, when

Large Sores Broke Out

on my body. I then purchased a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after using that and a half of another bottle, the sores and humor disappeared. I attended the Christian Endeavor Convention in Montreal and also visited the World's Fair in the hottest weather of the summer. Was on the go all the time, but

Had No Recurrence

of the burning and itching sensation which had marred every previous summer's outing. I have reason, therefore, to be enthusiastic in my praises of Hood's Sarsaparilla." SAMUEL S. SCHNELL, pastor of Free Baptist Church, Apalachin, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Blood Purifier and True Nerve Tonic

WILD BEAST WHIMS.

FIERCE ANIMALS OF THE FOREST WHO HAVE PREJUDICES.

Wolves, Panthers and Bears Sensitive About Fur Overcoats—An Aged Sullivan County Hunter Tells Some Experiences Illustrating This Queer Fact.

"A bear or a panther can't stand the sight of a wolfskin or a coonskin overcoat," said an aged hunter of Sullivan county, "and both also dislike the looks of an overcoat made of buffalo skin. They become enraged when they see a hunter striding through the woods with a fur coat on. They will start for him the instant they get sight of him, and unless he stops them with a rifle ball or a charge of buckshot they will invariably tackle him. A wolf or even a pack of them will always turn tail and run away from a hunter that wears a wolfskin coat, but they will chase a man who wears a coat of any other kind of fur and will attack him if they get a chance. In the winters early in the forties I hunted panthers, wolves and bears, killing a deer once in awhile for a change. When the weather was bitter cold, I wore a coonskin overcoat until a panther ruined it, and here is what is left of it.

"I killed an even dozen of panthers and a score of wolves while wearing that coat. It was in January, 1841, that I had to stop wearing it. One very cold morning I put on my snowshoes and started for the head of Kitchen's creek to hunt panthers and wolves. The snow was three feet deep in the woods, and the wolves and panthers were slaughtering the deer at a frightful rate. In a spruce ravine to the right of the creek I saw a movement in an evergreen tree and raised my rifle for what I thought might be a panther.

"I hadn't been standing a minute when I heard a twig snap back of me, and before I could turn half way round something struck my back and drove me forward on my hands and knees. Of course I instantly realized that a panther had landed on my back. It stuck its claws into my shoulders and began to kick with its hind feet, snarling and tearing at the coonskin with its teeth. I knew in a second that the only thing for me to do was to throw myself backward, and this I did at once, burying the panther in the snow beneath me. The panther then started to scream, but the snow and my weight kept it from making much noise. It continued to claw great rents in the coonskin coat until I stabbed it three times in the side, when it stopped kicking and began to gasp. I knew that the point of the knife had touched a vital spot, so I lay still till the panther stretched out dead. Then I got up and pulled the beast out of the snow by the tail. I'd hardly dropped it on the surface than there was another movement in the evergreen tree.

"This time I spied a pair of eyes on a limb about 15 feet above the snow and blazed away at them. A panther tumbled out, began to pitch and dive in the snow, soon turning up its toes. Then I pulled off the overcoat and discovered that the panther had ruined it. The claws hadn't touched my flesh, though, for I wore three thicknesses of deerskin and two of wool under the overcoat. On that trip of three days I got five panthers and four wolves.

"The same winter I surprised a pack of wolves that had cornered three deer in a pen up in the Mehoopany country. I had on a wolfskin coat, and the wolves legged it out of the pen the moment they got sight of me. I pulled off the coat and put it behind a tree, and the wolves, when they stopped to look back, acted as if they had been scared by a false alarm. When they saw that the overcoat wasn't in sight, they didn't care any more for me than for a sapling. They immediately returned to the deer pen as bold as you please, and I shot the whole five as fast as I could load and fire.

"One winter Joel Wright, who used to hunt and trap all the way from the Loyalsock to the Mehoopany, rolled up his coonskin overcoat and placed it on a log in the woods till he could go over a knoll and look at one of his traps. When he got to the top of the knoll on his way back, he heard a bear bellowing down in the hollow, as if it was challenging another bear to fight with him. In a minute Joel caught sight of the noisy bear, but couldn't make out where the other one was. The challenger was slouching toward the log on which the coonskin overcoat lay in a bunch, and Joel made up his mind that the bear had got scent of the coat and was about to tackle it.

"Joel had a better fur coat at home, and he didn't care much what the bear did with the one on the log. Anyhow he was going to watch the bear, and, if he got the better of the coat, all right. He could see that the fellow was angry before he got within ten rods of the log. Rushing up to the log, the bear seized the overcoat in his paws and began to squeeze and shake it as if it was a thing of life that he held an old grudge against. Joel tramped down the knoll then to see all the fun at short range, and pretty soon the bear gave the coat a dreadful hug, let out a yell, fell over backward and went to sprawling and rolling in the snow. Joel knew what the trouble was, but he didn't say a word. The bear'd had his own way, and he was as dead as a flint when Joel got to him. Joel's hunting knife was in a pocket of the overcoat, and the point of it had pierced the heart of the angry animal when he hugged the coat to his breast in a fit of rage."—Scranton Letter in New York Sun.

Not a Dowdy.

Little Miss Mugg (proudly)—My papa is going to buy me a bicycle.

Little Miss Freckles (loftily)—I've had one for a year.

Little Miss Mugg (disdainfully)—Huh! I wouldn't be seen riding a last year's bicycle.—Good News.

A War of Pamphlets.

The two leading features of the famous sermon preached by Dr. Sacheverell in St. Paul's cathedral on Nov. 5, 1709, which led to his trial and all the paper war which raged around his name, were the denunciation of religious tolerance and the upholding of the doctrine of nonresistance to the crown in its extremest form. The Sacheverell pamphlets consist of short and catchpenny lives of the reverend hero, several sermons preached by him at various dates, attacks by dissenting writers on such sermons and their preacher, and other sermons and replies in support of the high church doctrines.

The list of Sacheverell pamphlets is a record of sermons, speeches, answers, letters, replies, thought, vindications and considerations, with endless variations of title, in long and wearisome procession. The total number of distinct and separate publications connected directly or indirectly with the controversy, enumerated by Mr. Falconer Madan in his "Bibliography of Sacheverell," amounts to no less than 226, and most of these are tracts, broadsides and pamphlets of the most ephemeral kind. Their enumeration is a triumph of bibliographical industry and patience and an astonishing proof of the strength and indeed violence of party feeling, both ecclesiastical and political, at the crisis of Queen Anne's reign.—Gentleman's Magazine.

"Gie Us a Lead."

Dean Hole, in his recent book, "More Memories," tells an amusing story of how an old woman got the better of her clergyman in an argument. The village churchyard was overcrowded, except on its sunless northern side, in which the suicide was buried. One day the vicar, while visiting a poor old woman who was nigh unto death, thought he would try to get her consent to be buried in the roomy northern plot.

He began by assuring her that the common aversion to burial in any particular portion of consecrated ground was a silly prejudice and a foolish superstition. Then he besought her, as a personal favor to himself and as an example to others, to permit her body to be buried in the northern plot of the churchyard.

The old woman thought it all over for a few minutes and then answered, "Well, sir, as you seem to think as one part of the churchyard is as good as another, and that it makes no difference where we be put, perhaps you'll gie us a lead."

The vicar did not grasp the argument, but he changed the subject.

Sullivan's Queer Bank.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 12.—Pat Sullivan, aged 50 years, and residing at 22 Tecumseh street, met death from an extraordinary cause. About 9 o'clock he went to bed with three pieces of money in his mouth. When his wife went to awaken him in the morning his body was cold and he had probably been dead for some hours. The medical examiner was called, and it was found that Sullivan had swallowed a half dollar, a quarter dollar and a nickel.

Truthful.

"General Grant was," says General Horace Porter in McClure's Magazine, "without exception the most absolutely truthful man I ever encountered in public or private life. He was not only truthful himself, but he had a horror of untruth in others." An anecdote illustrates this trait.

One day while sitting in his bedroom in the White House, where he had retired to write a message to congress, a card was brought in by a servant.

An officer on duty at the time, seeing that the president did not want to be disturbed, remarked to the servant, "Say the president is not in."

General Grant overheard the remark, turned around suddenly in his chair and cried out to the servant:

"Tell him no such thing! I don't lie myself, and I don't want any one to lie for me!"

OUR CASTLE IN SPAIN.

The street's bleak and long, and the rain's blowing cold.
They eye me with pity, grown weary and old;
They fancy I'm out in the wind and rain.
Ah, no! I'm at home in our castle in Spain.

In the glow of the firelight you stand by me there.
It flickers and plays on your shadowy hair.
Outside, in the city, I seek you in vain,
But still you are found in our castle in Spain.

I hear not the roar of the traffic; I hear
Your accent so low, and so strange, and so clear—
The voice that could bid one forever to remain
With you in our castle—our castle in Spain.

That castle's so fair, so enchanted the ground,
The springtime abides in it all the year round.
There leaves never wither, as hopes never wane.
The lime trees aye bloom by our castle in Spain.

Yet the winds that blow o'er the whole earth renew,
And the stream 'neath its ramparts has flowed the world through,
And I read in your eye a love deeper than pain—
Love stronger than death, in our castle in Spain!

Wherever you wander, ah, you I love best!
When you from our refuge realities wrest,
I wonder if you are as glad to regain
Our fortress, our haven, our castle in Spain.
—May Kendall in New York Ledger.

BENEATH THE ROUGE

A woman sat at her dressing table, in front of the mirror, and dabbed cheeks that were livid with patches to pink color. Her maid folded and put away some drapery that had been flung down on the bed and watched her mistress furtively. Down stairs there were preparations for a big party, and the daylight shone on the silver and orchids on the dinner table much as it shone on the face of the master of the house, with the odd pucker of discontent between his brows, ready and waiting in the pretty drawing room. It shone on those obstinate blotches of color, which had to be renewed so often, in order to hide the wife's ashen skin

Mrs. Marston had run away from her first husband and been the subject for a famous divorce case. The companion of her flight, Lewis Marston, had married her directly the divorce was made, and a certain less particular section of society consented to overlook her lack of morals so long as she had a good chef and gave amusing parties.

There was one child of her first marriage left in its father's care, and this little girl of ten summers was lying dangerously ill. The glass reflected eyes that were stained and wild. She penciled a black line under the lower lid, and she thought as she did so:

"They ought at least to let me see her. To be turned away from the house was cruel, but Charles was always hard. He will never forgive, and then that other woman will be bending over her bed, will listen to her poor little weak voice, will nurse her and will make much of her, will take my place."

She blackened one eyebrow, and a tear fell splash on to one of the silver brushes.

"Only just to have seen her for one minute—crept in like a stranger and looked at her face. Three years ago! Only three years since she saw me, and yet they will have taught her to forget. My darling little girl, my own little girl! O God, help me!"

She began on the other eyebrow, but her hand shook.

"What a fright I shall look tonight! Marie, bring me all my diamonds. I can't do without them, my eyes look so dull. Bother this rouge; it won't stick on. There, I'll make it somehow."

She thought as the maid fastened a glittering tiara in her hair that if the child died that night she could have no means of hearing, and she suddenly started up and sat down at a writing table. She wrote to an old friend, a man who had stuck to her first husband and cut her dead when she passed him in the street, and the letter ran thus:

DEAR SIR JOHN—For pity's sake, let me know how Daisy is. I am half mad with anxiety. Please let the pain I am suffering excuse the liberty I take in troubling you.
DOROTHY MARSTON.

She sent the maid with the letter at once, with a command to find Sir John Deane and get an answer if possible. Then, with a walk like a queen, in a dress from Worth, with her bediamonded head and the roses on her cheeks, she descended to the drawing room to receive her guests.

"My dear, you're late," said her husband.

She had long ceased to expect any companionship or sympathy from him, so she answered carelessly:

"Am I? It doesn't matter, as no one has arrived."

"But it does matter"—he began, when the door opened to admit a guest.

There was a young guardsman with a fair face who thought Mrs. Marston a "good sort" and flirted with her desperately in an elementary fashion. There was a society doctor, with a plausible manner, gray hairs and keen enjoyment of the sympathy and interest of pretty women. He sat next a stout lady with a contented smile and placid blue eyes. She was Mrs. Marston's best friend and a little deaf. Most of the women were fast, and most of the men were horsy, and they all agreed at dinner that they had never seen their hostess looking so well.

"We shall meet at Hurlingham tomorrow," whispered the guardsman.

He was a nice boy, and he defended Dorothy Marston when her own sex reviled her.

She thought, "To Hurlingham and Daisy perhaps dying." Aloud she said: "I'll come. I can drive you down, if you like. You had better lunch here first."

"Charmed, of course," he murmured.

The man on her right asked her if she had won money on the Derby. She fancied she heard her maid's voice in the hall, and she wondered if she had returned with any news as she answered:

"I made a little. Lewis was horribly unlucky. He insisted on backing some beastly outsider."

Then she laughed, sipped her champagne and glanced at an old admirer, half way down the table. A timid little woman at the other end caught the look and hated her for it. The recipient was the girl's husband.

"And now tell me some delightfully naughty scandal," Mrs. Marston said to the horsy man. "The latest and best you know."

"Mrs Graham?"

"Oh, she's an old story."

"Give you my honor—new edition"—

"Really! Go on."

"Warned off the bookstalls."

"Well, I'm not a bookstall."

As he paused she thought: "Marie can't have found Sir John. I wonder if they have a good nurse. They might have let me see her just for one moment. Children rarely take to a stepmother, but Daisy used to love every one."

"So Mrs. Graham has even overstepped the bounds of modernity," she said aloud.

"Taken the barrier in one stride."

"Bravo, I am always grateful to a woman who gives me something notorious to talk about."

And she thought: "I wonder if she suffers much. I wonder if she is conscious. They said, 'No better.' Could that mean she was worse? How all these people would chatter and whisper if they knew the situation tonight! Not one of them would be sorry—yes, Hilda would, poor, frightened, little woman, because her baby died, although I do flirt with her husband. And my baby—O God, how happy I was over Daisy! and now—it's my own fault for leaving her, but how could I know she was going to be ill?"

The room, with its brilliant lights, its sound of voices and its laughter, faded from sight. In imagination she was carried far away to the little bedroom next the nursery in the old house. She bent over Daisy, who slept and dreamed of mamma—the real mamma, not her new one—and she said to the cold, stern faces around her: "Have pity; let me kiss her once. I won't disturb her. I won't wake her." Perhaps they might consent and let her creep away, having seen her baby and kissed her, as in the old happy days.

She heard the guardsman ask her a question and replied at random:

"Yes, I am going to act as a Greek goddess. It's a queer kind of play, but one can do anything nowadays, and Lady Lane acted in it, so that makes the whole thing so eminently respectable. She died of dullness, poor old dowd. Her husband's a nice boy—he got me into the show."

She stretched out her hand and pulled an orchid to pieces, and the room faded from sight again.

She stood near the little bed. Daisy was awake and knew her. They weren't angry; they were kind; they let her hold her close, let her stay to nurse her, let her soothe her only as a mother, even the most degraded, can. Charles forgave for the baby's sake and let her stay just till she got well.

She pulled herself together and rose to leave the room. In all her dreams she never saw a sad picture, save that it was sad to see the child suffer. Of course she was certain to get well.

As the footman handed her the coffee when up stairs she asked carelessly:

"Has Marie returned?"

"An hour ago, mum," he said.

She started. "With no letter for me?"

"No, mum. She said not."

"All right. Mrs Barker has changed her mind and will take some milk. Hand it to her, please."

So she couldn't hear that night. The notion made her reckless. Her fair, placid friend shouted some gossip in her ears as is the manner of deaf people. The gentlemen joined them, and a singer sat down at the piano. The song over, amid loud applause a footman opened the door to admit a gentleman. He had asked to see Mr. Marston alone, but the man had blundered, misunderstood him and announced him as one of the evening's guests.

"Sir John Deane."

The painted, noisy wife of his old friend rose to greet him, and she knew why he was there as well as if he had spoken.

He murmured some excuse and drew her husband out of the room.

The whole place swam before her eyes. She was struck numb. Only sublime pity could have forced him to visit her again. Daisy dead! She had read it in the trouble in his face. Daisy dead, dead! Her own little baby cold and dead, and she not there to hold her in her arms, to kiss her just once more, to weep over her, to—

Her friend was speaking. She struggled back to consciousness, to hear her say in her loud, blatant voice: "Fancy Sir John coming to visit you again, Dolly! What a triumph for you tonight has been."

The whole roomful of people heard, and they looked at Mrs. Marston. She smiled faintly; the color in her cheeks did not vary, nor were her eyes dim, but her lips, for some strange reason, had turned blue, and her voice when she answered had a ghastly sound:

"How funny you are, dear! 'What a triumph,' did you say? 'What a triumph tonight has been!'"

They took leave of her one by one and left her there face to face with her triumph alone.—Sketch.

FREE CURE. ALKAVIS is a Positive Cure for Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Rheumatism, etc. It is from the new Polynesian shrub, KAVA-KAVA (botanical name: Piper Methysticum) described in New York World, Feb. 8, 1893, and Medical Gazette, of Dec., 1892. Endorsed by the Hospitals and Physicians of Europe as a sure Specific Cure for

Kidney

BLADDER DISEASES, AND

RHEUMATISM.

Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Rheumatism, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Brick-Dust deposits, Liver Disease, Female Complaints, pain in back, etc. Sold at Two Dollars a Bottle. Descriptive book sent free to all. We know that ALKAVIS is a Positive Cure for these diseases, and to prove to you its Wonderful Effects, and for the sake of introduction, we will send you enough for one week's use, by mail, prepaid, FREE, if you are a Sufferer. It is an unfailing cure. A trial costs you nothing. Address, THE CHURCH KIDNEY CURE CO., 420 Fourth Avenue, New York.

ASTHMA HIMALYA in Nature's Constitutional Sure Cure for Asthma. A great Modern Medical Discovery. Cures Guaranteed or No Pay. For large Trial Case, Free, by mail, address, KOLA IMPORTING CO. 1162 Broadway, New York

Better Times in Kansas.

TOPEKA, March 12.—That better times prevail in western Kansas is evidenced by the fact that 12 counties have notified Governor Morrill they are in need of no further outside aid.

His Log Crushed Off.

PINEVILLE, Ky., March 12. — John Hays, a small boy, while playing about one of the sawmills here Monday, was caught in a part of the machinery and his leg crushed off.

To have perfect health you must have pure blood, and the best way to have pure blood is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"That Tired Feeling"

overcomes us when inferior preparations are recommended by unscrupulous dealers as "just as good as Foley's Honey and Tar Cough Syrup," when we know the unequalled merits of this great medicine. H. F. Vortkamp, 140 North Main street

THE FARM HOTBED.

How to Make It and How to Manage It. Keep the Bed Full.

The ordinary hotbed sash is 6 by 3 feet, a convenient size, though any old sash will answer the purpose. Construct the frame as wide as the sash is long and as long as it is desired to make the bed. Have 12 inches high at the front and 18 at the back. Make a bed at least 1½ feet thick and extending a couple of feet beyond the frame all around of horse manure which has begun to heat violently. Tread this bed down firmly, for manure thrown loosely together will heat rapidly for a short time and then become cold, but when it is made comparatively firm it will give forth a gentle heat for six or eight weeks. When the bed has been prepared, place the frame upon it and bank it up well to the top with manure. It is now ready for the soil. Use light garden loam which has been prepared the fall before. Place five or six inches of earth on the manure, leveling and fining with an iron toothed rake. Then put on the sash and leave the bed alone for a few days before planting the seeds. If the seeds are put in at once, the manure may become so hot that the tender germs will be destroyed. About the third or fourth day the heat will usually subside to about 80 degrees; then it will be safe to sow, according to American Agriculturist, authority for the following directions: Mark off in rows about four inches apart, scatter the seed thinly in the drills, cover with half an inch of soil and pat the bed down over the rows with a board or the back of a hoe.

Radishes and onions do not need transplanting, but transplant tomatoes and cabbage once or twice before setting in the open ground, giving them more room each time; also transplant lettuce when it gets its second or third pair of leaves. Set three inches apart each way, and it will soon become large enough for use. Always keep the bed full. As soon as one crop is taken out put in something else.

Open the bed and let in fresh air when the weather will permit. As it becomes warmer the sash may be removed altogether during the middle of the day, but must always be replaced when it turns cool toward evening. When the water begins to gather on the inside of the glass, it shows that the air is getting damp and heavy, and if not changed the plants will smother or the temperature will get too high, but always avoid letting in a cold draft directly on to the plants. Water sparingly in cold weather and never when the sun is very bright, for the drops of water on the leaves under the glass act as a lens and burn the leaves so that they will turn brown. For this reason in bright weather the watering should be done either in the morning or evening. If too much water is given, the bed will become soggy and dead, and the plants will turn yellow and cease to thrive. To avoid this let the bed become quite dry before watering, and then give it a thorough soaking. On cold nights or in stormy weather the glass should be covered with matting or boards, or even hay or straw, to keep the temperature from falling too low. A well managed hotbed will more than pay any family for the trouble.

Village Elections in Michigan.

DETROIT, March 12.—Reports from village charter elections held throughout Michigan, yesterday, show decisive Republican victories where party lines were strictly drawn. In most cases, however, the results turned upon local issues and upon the candidates' personal qualifications and popularity.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 12.—Sunday Mattie Meadows, at Lewiston, this county, in a fit of outraged pride, fatally cut Agnes Young's throat with a razor. The Meadows girl's father, aged 75, wanted to marry Agnes Young, but his daughter objected, whereat she was badly beaten by the old man. She then snatched her brother's razor, severely cutting her father and fatally injuring the woman. Agnes Young bears an unsavory character.

Hat Finishers Strike.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., March 12.—The finishers employed at G. E Coffin's hat factory yesterday decided to quit work pending a settlement of the scale of wages which were reduced about one-third beginning yesterday. The matter had been referred to the Central Labor union at Haverhill for settlement. After finishing work on hand, it is expected that the trimmers will go out unless the troubles are previously settled.

S.S.S. Heals Running Sores. Cures the Serpent's Sting.

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON In all its stages completely eradicated by S. S. S. Obstinate sores and ulcers yield to its healing power. It removes the poison and builds up the system. A valuable treatise on the disease and its treatment mailed free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to the order of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Ohio, in case No. 8208, Ella Cantwell vs. Edward J. Cantwell et al, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale to the highest bidder, at the marble shop on the southwest corner of Main and Spring streets, in the City of Lima, Ohio, at 10 o'clock a. m. on Saturday, the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1895, the following described personal property, to-wit:

One gray granite monument, one red granite monument, (cap job) one gray granite monument, one Georgia marble monument, one blue marble monument, (double die and cap), three Concord granite monuments. (die), one marble monument double base, one eight inch blue monument, with die, one eight inch blue monument, one monument lettered Kushmaul, one eight inch blue monument two bases, one scroll monument, one eight inch monument, one eight inch blue monument and two bases, one eight inch blue monument, one cross, two bases, one marker, one small marker, one urn, one small urn, two granite markers, twenty feet and ten inches (cubic) of blue marble, eleven pieces of Georgia marble (job lot), four pieces of sandstone for sidewalks containing ninety-seven feet, one pile rough sandstone scrap, drawing

IN paint the best is the cheapest. Don't be misled by trying what is said to be "just as good," but when you paint insist upon having a genuine brand of

Strictly Pure White Lead

It costs no more per gallon than cheap paints, and lasts many times as long.

Look out for the brands of White Lead offered you; any of the following are sure:

"Anchor," "Davis-Chambers,"
"Eckstein," "Fahnestock,"
"Beymer-Bauman," "Morley,"
"Armstrong & McKelvy."

FOR COLORS.—National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.

These colors are sold in one-pound cans, each can being sufficient to tint 25 pounds of Strictly Pure White Lead the desired shade; they are in no sense ready-mixed paints, but a combination of perfectly pure colors in the handiest form to tint Strictly Pure White Lead.

A good many thousand dollars have been saved property-owners by having our book on painting and color-card. Send us a postal card and get both free.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., New York.
Cincinnati Branch,
Seventh and Freeman Avenue, Cincinnati.

board, benches and old derrick, one old ..., one rope and one old stove.
Terms of sale:—Cash
3-12-10t CLOYD J. BROTHERTON ...

Notice of Attachment.

Oil Well Supply Co., Plaintiff, against Archer Morris, Def't. } Before J. D. ..., J. P. ..., township, Allen C..., Ohio.

On the 4th day of February, A. D. 1895 said Justice issued an order of attachment in the above entitled cause of action for the sum of one hundred and sixty-four and 75-100 ... dollars.

OIL WELL SUPPLY COMPANY
By Cable & Parmenter, Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 8136

Ex. Doc. 7. Page 15
Meridith Simmons, Plaintiff, vs. Elizabeth Bond, et al Defendants } Allen Common Pleas

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 16th, A D 1895

between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p m., the following described lands and tenements, situate on West Spring street, in the City of Lima, Allen County, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Inlot number fifteen hundred and twenty-seven (1527), in Lamison's addition to the City of Lima, Ohio

Appraised at $2500 00.
Terms of sale:—Cash.

AARON FISHER
Sheriff, Allen County Ohio
Lima, Ohio, January 23rd, 1895
D. C. Henderson Plaintiff's Attorney

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 8254

A D. Welty, Plaintiff, vs. Julia A. Stout et al, Defendants. } Allen Common Pleas

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed. I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House, in Lima, Allen County, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, APRIL 6TH, A. D., 1895

Between the hours of 1 o'clock and 4 o'clock p m., the following described lands and tenements, situate in the City of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

The undivided half of the following described premises: Beginning at the northeast corner of Moses Smith's land, in the south half of the northeast quarter of section twenty-one (21) township three (3) south of range seven (7) east, thence running southeast along the south line of the Bellefontaine road one hundred (100) feet to a stake, thence southwest parallel with the west line of Moses Smith's land two hundred (200) feet to a stone; thence northwest parallel with the Bellefontaine road one hundred (100) feet to a stake; thence northeast along the said west line two hundred (200) feet to the place of beginning, and being the same premises conveyed by Milton and Elizabeth Crow to Malintha Marks on February 13th, 1885

Also, the one-half interest in the boiler and engine, two sets of burrs, patent corn sheller, floor platform scales and wagon scales, line shaftings, pulleys and belting ... machinery in the buildings upon above premises except roller process which roller process is owned by Kriiteng and Anderson

Appraised at $1 055 00

Also, the undivided one-half interest of the following described premises. Inlot number two thousand six hundred and eighty-five (2685) in Smith's heirs addition to the City of Lima. Allen county, Ohio

Also, one-fourteenth (1-14) royalty interest in an oil well upon above premises

Appraised at $40 00
Terms of sale—Cash

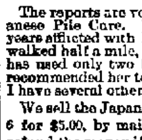
AARON FISHER, Sheriff
Allen County Ohio
Lima, Ohio. March 6th, 1895
Motter & Mackenzie, Plaintiff's Attorneys

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as assignee in trust for the benefit of the creditors of John W. Thorp... All persons indebted to said assignor will make immediate payment, and creditors will present their claims, duly authenticated, to the undersigned for allowance

Dec. 28th, A. D., 1894
2-20 3wks W. J. RICHIE, Assignee

JAPANESE PILE CURE



William P. Draper, Druggist, Springfield, Mass., writes:

The reports are very flattering about the Japanese Pile Cure. The last case, a lady seven years afflicted with Piles, for two years has not walked half a mile, now walks any distance and has used only two boxes. A leading physician recommended her to try the Japanese Pile Cure. I have several other cases that I am curing.

We sell the Japanese Pile Cure at $1 00 per box. 6 for $5.00, by mail, with written guarantee to refund the money if not cured. Sample free.

Japanese Pile Ointment large box 50 cts.

W. P. Draper, druggist, Springfield, Mass., writes: "Japanese Pile Cure has cured a lady 7 years afflicted, could not walk half a mile in the last three years; now walks any distance."

H. F. Vortkamp, 140 North Main street and Harold Cunningham, Badeau block, Lima

ERIE LINES.

Chicago & Erie Railroad.

Time card in effect November 27th, 1894.

FROM LIMA, OHIO.

TRAINS WEST. Depart
No. 5 Vestibule Limited daily, for Chicago .... 1:12 p. m
" 3 Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago .... 12 ... a. m
" 1 Express daily, except Sunday for Chicago............ 9 1... m
" 31 local daily, except Sunday ... 7 ...

TRAINS EAST.
No. 8, Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston. 9: 5 p m
" 4, Express daily except Sunday for Marion & Columbus ... 3 ... p m
" 12, Express daily, for New York 2 ... a. m
" 32, local daily, except Sunday ... 7 ... a. m

Trains No. 1 and 2 stop at all stations on C. & E. division.

Train No. 12 carries through sleeping cars to Columbus, Circleville, Chillicothe, Waverly, Portsmouth, Ironton and Kenova, via Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo, and Norfolk & Western lines.

Through coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

FRANK C. McCOY, Agent
W. G. McEDWARD, Traf. Pas. Agt.,
Huntington, Ind

AN O... LETT... Do y... SOU... 10 ct. ... 15 ct. ... tracts ... than ... brand ... the p... T... Extr... good ... save ... Sold ev... The ... and ...

OPE...

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MONDAY...

WILL E...

NEW YO...

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Tuesday—T...
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Thursday —...
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PRICES—
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Citizens' L...

235 North M...

· FO...

Lots in Sout... ket street of ... prices. Wil... ers prefer.

N.

A. A. S...

Oil produce... and furni... Office, 132 no... Telephone No...

PRICES GI...

East Side Pub... Shop Ladies ... done to order ... dressing. A...

Buy your co... ner of East W... R. A full st... for cars to arr... ly protected a... Orders for c... prices. Office... phone 82.

1-5-3m

Mrs. ...

Dressmaking ... block is head... Premium Tai... to those wishi... tion guarant...

CORR...

Of the arriv... Lima, Ohio

North ...
East ...
East ...
East ...
Depart—Su...

Mayo c... son Lamp ...

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

AN OPEN LETTER } No. 1.

Do you know that

SOUDERS'

10 ct Lemon and 15 ct. Vanilla Extracts are better than many other brands at double the price?

Try Souders' Extracts, get a good flavor, and save money.

Sold everywhere. Green label.

The Royal Remedy and Extract Co.,
Manufacturers,
Dayton, Ohio.

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

ONE SOLID WEEK,

COMMENCING

MONDAY, MARCH 11th.

Will I Burton s original

NEW YORK THEATRE CO.,

In the following repertoire

Tuesday—The "Wages of Sin"
Wednesday—"Adrift in New York"
Thursday—"The Battle of Life"
Friday—"Gilhooley's Troubles"
Saturday Matinee—The original Peck's Bad Boy"
Saturday Night—The Actors' Holiday

PRICES—

10—20—30

Entire change of specialties nightly

MONEY

To loan on city and farm property. Long time and easy payments. Call and get pamphlet explaining how the Association money is

LOANED.

—THE—

Citizens' Loan and Building Co.

GEO FELTZ, Secretary

North Main Street Lima Ohio

· FOR SALE ·

Lots in South Lima and West Market street on easy terms and lowest prices. Will build houses if purchasers prefer

N. L. MICHAEL.

Wilson Ave

A. A. SCOTT & CO.,

Oil producers and contractors for drilling in Allen county oil, gas and artesian wells. Office north Main street, Lima Ohio. Telephone No 129

PRICES GIVEN ON APPLICATION

NO. 54

East side Public Square. First class Barber Shop. Ladies and Children's Haircutting a specialty. Special room for ladies hair dressing.

A G LUTZ Proprietor

COAL.

Buy your coal at the old reliable yard corner Fort Wayne street and C H & D R R. A full stock always on hand, no waiting for cars. Prompt attention. My customers will be full weight, as to quantity, quality and price. Orders for car lots solicited at producers prices. Office at my grain elevator. Telephone

THEO. MAYO.

1 3m

Mrs. Kemper's

Dressing establishment in the Baxter building. Headquarters for the World's Fair Tailor system which will be taught to those wishing to learn the same. Satisfaction guaranteed. 114-tf

CORRECT SCHEDULE

Showing arrival and departure of trains from this point.

C H & D

	South
Night Express	5 45 a m
Mail	11 20 a m
Accommodation	1 00 p m
Fast Line	6 00 p m
Accommodation	2 00 a. m

CHICAGO & ERIE

		West
Fast Mail	Local	7 00 a m
Cincinnati Express		10 a m
Day Express		7 19 p m
New York Mail		12 08 a m

P F W & C

		West
Fast Line		9 20 a. m
Mail		2 50 p. m
Day Express		4 55 p m
Night Express		1 45 a m
Chicago Express	Limited	Limited 3 43 a. m

L E & W

		West
Mail		9 40 a m
Express		5 00 p m
Night Express		2 30 a m

OHIO SOUTHERN

Departs	Arrive
Express	12 30 p m
Express	4 30 p m

Coal

Mayo continues to sell best Jackson Lump at $3.00 per ton. tf

BORN ON THE TRAIN

Conductor Ayers, of the C & E, Receives an Unexpected Addition to His Passengers.

An episode of an unusual character happened on No 5 Erie west-bound vestibule train, in charge of Conductor Ayers

Mrs Lizzie Mahoney, on her journey from New York to Chicago, was taken ill, and during the stop at North Judson Dr J F Noland was called, and, to the surprise of the passengers, announced that the lady was about to be confined The state room was hurriedly prepared and in a short time a new passenger was wrapped in swaddling remnants of Pullman sheets and blanket The ridiculous situation greatly embarrassed the young mother, who had made no preparation for premature accidents, but instead of ridicule, sympathy and good sense prevailed, and she was soon as comfortable as the circumstances would permit of

The little female was promptly named after two ladies present, adding the name of the Pullman sleeper On paper it stands thus, "Nora Camella Cisco" Omer Ayers acted somewhat pouty because some of his addresses could not be sandwiched in also The passengers promptly subscribed a baby fund amounting to forty dollars.—*Huntington Democrat*

Ask Your Druggist for It

Such strong proofs of the cures made by Dr David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy have been brought to public notice through newspaper investigations that it is now the standard medicine for the diseases for which it is prepared

Dr G H Ingraham of Amsterdam N Y states where the regular prescriptions used in a case of kidney disease and gravel utterly failed he prescribed Dr Kennedy's Favorite Remedy and it cured the patient

Dr Wm Smith of Jewett's Heights N Y prescribed Favorite Remedy for Mrs Casper Brooks at Athens N Y who was suffering from kidney disease and ulceration of the stomach after the second day steady improvement was noted and final permanent recovery

Dr Kennedy's Favorite Remedy acts directly upon the kidneys, liver and blood in cases of nervousness dyspepsia rheumatism and Bright's disease It has made most pronounced cures after all other treatments have failed

OIL AND GAS

DRILLING FOR OIL

In an interview with Henry Price, this morning, he informed a *Daily News* reporter that the work of drilling for oil on the marsh had commenced in earnest A well has been sunk on the Tid Harris farm and the men are now about 100 feet down Mr Young and Mr Price are now leasing the land as rapidly as possible and expect to have five more wells down within the next thirty days.—*Kenton News*

AN UNEXPECTED FIND.

PARKER CITY, IND, March 11.—The people here are jubilant over the find of crude oil in paying quantities Doddson and Meeks, of this place were drilling a well for gas to supply a glass factory when oil was struck, and for the first twenty-four hours the well produced 20 barrels of oil It declined to a 10 barrel a day production It is located in Stony Creek township, Randolph county, just west from this place and ten miles east from Muncie It is causing considerable excitement here and will add much undeveloped territory to the Indiana field, being located close to twenty miles south from the original oil field of the State

The citizens of Jay county, Ind, are all wild over the striking of an oil well on the Susan Ware farm, situated Pike township, Jay county It is reported good for 20 barrels a day This is a pure wildcat venture, while the Indiana oil pool proper is located some fifteen miles to the north from Portland

The Manhattan Oil company has completed well No 9 on the State land, in bed of the St Mary's reservoir, located in section 15, Franklin township, Mercer county It is good for 10 barrels

M S Schaill & Co, contractors and drillers of oil, gas and artesian wells Deep drilling a specialty All material furnished if desired Office, room 21 Holmes block, Lima, Ohio tf

MORE TROUBLE OVER LEASES

SPENCERVILLE, March 11.—A general dissatisfaction exists among farmers near here who have recently leased their lands for oil purposes The leases state that a well is so be completed within sixty or ninety days and if a well is not completed within that time then the farmer is to receive a rental of $1 per acre annually The lease does not state that the rental is due in advance, but the impression is left upon the farmer that at the end of sixty days he may come in and get his rent Several farmers have recently called at the office of Bettman, Watson & Bemhelmer to collect rent from their farms of 200 or 200 acres, but were politely notified that the rental was not due for twelve months longer. By this means the farms were tied up for fourteen or fifteen months and the farmers do not realize a cent besides not having their property developed

IMPORTANT OIL SUIT

BOWLING GREEN, O, March 13.—A case of more than passing interest to the oil fraternity was argued before Judge Melborn in Common Pleas court yesterday The case is for injunction, and is entitled The Sun Oil Co vs Eli Stockwell. A new question is involved, and the decision will have considerable effect throughout the entire oil field

The particulars of the case are these In 1888 R B Stone, of Bradford, Pa, secured a lease upon 100 acres of land in Liberty township, known as the Osborn land Later Osborn assigned the lease to the Sun Oil Co, since which time active operations have been going on steadily

On the 27th day of last month, Timothy Osborn, guardian of John R Osborn and Maggie M. Hodgman, owners of the tract, executed a lease of the property to Eli Stockwell, said lease being conditioned upon the terms of the Stone lease Stockwell immediately began operations for drilling upon the land, but was at once served with temporary injunction papers The argument yesterday was to make the injunction perpetual

Stockwell based his right to drill upon the premises upon the grounds that the original lease had omitted the word 'exclusive,' in the clause granting a right to operate the tract The defendant's attorneys think this is a fatal omission, and permit the owner to operate the property in conjunction with the original lessees Decision in the case has not yet been rendered

SLEEP and REST for Baby

Are out of the question when tortured and disfigured with Eczema.

It is the cause of more intense suffering than all other skin diseases combined.

Tender babies are among its most numerous victims.

They are often born with it.

Most remedies and the best physicians generally fail even to relieve

If CUTICURA did no more than cure Eczema, it would be entitled to the gratitude of mankind

It not only cures but

A single application is often sufficient to afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy permanent cure

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS because it is the most wonderful skin cure of modern times

Sold throughout the world Price CUTICURA, 50c SOAP, 25c RESOLVENT $1 POTTER DRUG AND CHEM CORP, Sole Props Boston Mass All about the Skin and Blood, 64 page mailed free

A Good Thing and Nothing to Pay

Just see what Dr Greene offers to do for all weak and suffering people He is the most successful living specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases His unparalleled offer to consult with anyone, free of charge, by letter correspondence is doing wonderful good If you have any complaint which you do not thoroughly understand and which you would like cured, write the Doctor a letter stating just how you feel and what symptoms trouble you He will answer it, giving a complete description of your case explaining the meaning of every symptom, and telling how you can surely get well and strong He gives most careful attention to each letter, and explains your case so thoroughly that you understand exactly what ails you All this costs you nothing, you have no doctor's fees to pay, and you don't have to leave your home The Doctor makes a specialty of treating patients through letter correspondence, and they nearly always get well He is the discoverer of that wonderful medicine, Dr Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy Write to him at his office, 35 West 14th St New York City and you will undoubtedly be made strong and well

Auglaize Township Democrats

The Democrats of the west precinct of Auglaize township held their primary caucus last Saturday and placed in nomination the following ticket For Trustee, Jacob Snyder, for Treasurer, Edward Blair for Assessor Frank Phillips, for Senatorial Delegate F M Clum, for County Delegates, James I Baker, E G Burton and E B Manohan, Central Committeeman, Frank Phillips

Hood's Cured the Sores

Albert Max, Jr, of Delphos, O, aged twelve years, writes the following letter "Hood's Sarsaparilla has done me much good I had sores all over my body and could not wear my shoes for some time I took medicine from the doctors but it did not do me any good Then I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and the sores are disappearing and I am as well as ever"

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills

A Waterproof Walking Skirt

It is advisable that one should have one petticoat to be used exclusively for walking, and this may be faced for some distance from the bottom with a waterproof cloth There will then be almost perfect protection for the feet and ankles in wet weather It is the swishing of damp clothing about the feet that constitutes most of the discomfort of a rainy day expedition, and the water proof lining does away with this

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life away

is the truthful startling title of a little book that tells all about No to-bac the wonderful harmless *Guaranteed* tobacco habit cure The cost is trifling and the man who wants to quit and can't runs no physical or financial risk in using 'No to bac' Sold by John P Harley

Book at store or by mail free Address The Sterling Remedy Co, Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind

A Tramp Killed

About 2 o'clock this morning, as a C, H & D freight train was going north, a man, supposed to be a tramp, was struck by the train and killed, about three miles north of town The train was stopped and the body taken on board and carried to Sidney, where in all probability an inquest will be held.—*Piqua Dispatch*

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ANIMALS IN EFFIGY.

THE FAMOUS COLLECTION OWNED BY THE SMITHSONIAN

How Casts Are Made of Rare and Bulky Animals—Proof That the Whale Could Have Held Jonah—Of Value to Students and Historians.

Strown along for a distance of 50 yards in the rear of the Smithsonian institution are blocks of plaster of paris of every imaginable shape, some of large size and others fitted together as if to form boxes For the most part they look like the refuse of a workshop. Here and there one fragment or another is seen to resemble a part of a fish or other animal, perhaps a tail, or a head with a pair of fore flippers A big slab bears the impression of a snake, as if the creature, having buried itself in mud for the winter, had waked from its torpid state and crawled away Other objects yet more strange are faces and various parts or human bodies apparently fossilized

These odd looking things are molds. The Smithsonian institution has been collecting them for 30 years past, and some of them have cost a great deal of money Quite a number have been fetched all the way from Alaska, representing various animals peculiar to the regions of the frozen north If a queer reptile or fish is found anywhere, there is nothing better than to make a cast of it in plaster of paris. By this means its shape is copied to perfection, and that is a great help for museum purposes. When, a few years ago, a whale was stranded on the New England coast, Dr Palmer taxidermist of the Smithsonian institution was sent to make a copy of it in papier mache This he did—that is to say, he made a mold of the cetacean in plaster, of which he took several barrels full with him, and the papier mache cast was produced afterward in Washington

Only one half of the whale was cast however, representing what might be termed the port side of the animal This is now hung up in the National museum On one side it shows the outside of the creature and from the other side the inside It was a clergyman who on a certain occasion not long ago was showing some members of his flock through the building, and, pausing in front of the whale, remarked, pointing to the capacious interior of the great marine mammal

'You see, my dear friends, that there was plenty of room for Jonah!'

In such ways the Smithsonian institution has collected molds and made casts of a great variety of animals, of ton and big long distances to get them Of reptiles alone it has secured several hundreds, each representing a typical species, while the fishes run up to 1 200 and upward From each plaster mold about 50 casts may be made if desired This facility of multiplication is utilized to a considerable extent in another branch of the work not relating to animals at all The schools and to museums all over the world the Smithsonian institution sends sets of typical aboriginal implements of America These are valuable for purposes of study A mollusk or an actual stone axe will furnish 50 facsimiles which only have to be painted in order to look exactly like the original If more are wanted another mold is easily made

While it would not be easy to ship a whale or a walrus to the Smithsonian institution smaller animals are readily transported Nearly all of the creatures of which these molds are made are sent to this city for that purpose When practicable, two living specimens are forwarded One serves for the mold The other is a model for the artist Before going further it should be explained that the casts are intended to represent the animals themselves in the museum, and they must be as lifelike as possible They are painted by men who are skilled in this branch of art

Before making a mold from a snake the animal if alive, receives a dose of chloroform It may or may not recover There have been instances where serpents have got over the effects of the chloroform two or three times in succession, only to be subjected to further doses and made to serve again and again Perhaps an anæsthetized ophidian will be coiled gracefully about the branch of a tree and the mold will be taken from branch and snake together, to be subsequently painted, of course Or, if it were a rattlesnake, it would probably be coiled in a spiral as if ready to strike In the west wing of the Smithsonian institution is a beautiful exhibit of the rattlesnakes of the United States They look as if alive though only casts, so well are they painted with surroundings of herbage, etc, a counterfeit nature.

It is the same way with reptiles of other kinds. There are ever so many queer species of lizards in this country particularly in the western deserts The horned toad is one of these not being in reality a toad at all, though it looks like one. There are the edible lizards of Death valley and others which are able to outrun the fastest race horse. Such creatures as these are easily molded, every scale in their armor being reproduced with wonderful accuracy of detail. With land mammals it is different, for a cast of a creature with a fur coat can hardly be made to look like life Nevertheless Dr Palmer's collection includes casts of portions of many land mammals For example, hanging on the wall of his studio in the rear of the Smithsonian institution is a plaster head of a tapir, taken direct from the animal When he has occasion to stuff a tapir, he will not be obliged to guess at the measurements of that part of the beast Close by is a cast from the head of a sea lion that was killed in the Pacific Another cast is from the tongue of a bear Some day the taxidermist will desire to set up a stuffed bear with its mouth open, and there will be a tongue ready There is also a calf's head which is very lifelike though it would not make good soup.—Washington Sta.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Administrator's Notice

The undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Jermiah W Linn deceased

All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated, to the undersigned for allowance

W H DUFFIELD
Administrator

A Clean Collar

One that you can keep clean all the time—a collar that does not wilt when you get over heated, that does not fray on the edge, or tear out at the buttonholes and can be cleaned by simply wiping off with a wet sponge or cloth These collars and cuffs are made by covering linen collars or cuffs on both sides with waterproof "celluloid" thus giving strength and durability They are the *only* waterproof goods so made and every piece is stamped as follows

TRADE CELLULOID MARK.

Ask for this, and refuse to take any imitation if you expect satisfaction. If your dealer does not keep them, send direct to us enclosing amount, and we will mail you sample. Collars 25 cts each Cuffs 50 cts pair. State size and whether stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted.

THE CELLULOID CO.,
427-429 Broadway,
New York.

A Remarkable Cure

Mrs H B Adams, 1609 Wabash ave, Chicago, says "I had a scrofulous taint of the blood from childhood, which, however, remained dormant An ulcer began on the side of the nose, having all the appearances of a most malignant cancer The agony of mind I suffered cannot be described as I contemplated the progress of such a malignant disease Finally I was induced to try Foley's Sarsaparilla It appeared to neutralize the poison in the blood The growth of the ulcer ceased The diseased tissues in the bottom and edges of the sore seemed to loosen and the natural flesh to take its place No part of the disease remains H F Vortkamp, 140 North Main street

Another Revolution in Hats

The latest hats are not perched on the extreme back of the head as they have been all winter, with an effect of being about to glide off backward On the contrary, in the present head gear the pendulum has swung to the opposite extreme, and the dainty little confections of lace and jet are tipped down over the eyes Even theater bonnets are to be worn in this way—till a newer fancy strikes the maids and matrons who wear them

'Perhaps you would not think so, but a very large proportion of diseases in New York comes from carelessness about catching cold, says Dr Cyrus Edson "It is such a simple thing, and so common, that very few people, unless it is pneumonia pay any attention to a cold There are a great many cases of catarrh and consumption which have their origin in this neglect of the simplest precaution of every day life The most sensible advice is when you have one, get rid of it as soon as possible by all means do not neglect it' Dr Edson does not tell you how to cure a cold but we will Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy It will relieve the lungs and expectoration open the secretions and soon after effect a permanent cure 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by H F Vortkamp, druggist 140 north Main street

To Consumptives

As an honest remedy Foley's Honey and Tar does not hold out false hopes in advanced stages but truthfully claims to give comfort and relief in the very worst cases and in the early stages to effect a cure H F Vortkamp 140 North Main street

Put Tags on the Babies

The anxiety often caused by the wandering away of a little child from his usual surroundings, or his being separated from his parents in a crowd, is made unnecessarily distressing by the fact that he usually carries with him no certain means of identification To label him with his full name and address would be so simple a precaution that it is surprising that it is not a universal practice

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy gives the best satisfaction of any cough medicine I handle, and as a seller leads all other preparations in this market I recommend it because it is the best medicine I ever handled for coughs, colds and croup A W BALDUMOR, Millersville, Ill For sale by H F Vortkamp, druggist, 140 north Main street

Have You Had the Grip?

If you have, you probably need a reliable medicine like Foley's Honey and Tar to heal your lungs and stop the racking cough incidental to this disease H F Vortkamp, 140 North Main street

Water Famine Impending

TACOMA, March 12.—The water supply in the residence portion of the city was shut off yesterday by order of the superior court and a water famine is impending The court has decided that the main supply of water does not belong to the city, but to private individuals, although the city paid $2,000,000 to C B Wright of Philadelphia for the water plant and the water supply

Fraudulent Pension Agent Arrested.

BOWLING GREEN, Ky, March 12.—Robert Pearson a mulatto, claiming to be a pension agent, has been arrested here One of his victims James Roberts, paid him the required amount and turned over his pension papers, which Pearson claimed to have sent to Washington When quested the papers were found in his pocket

HEAVY CARRIAGE HORSES

Demand For Those of Good Shape and High Action.

The heavy hunter horse should fit the heavy vehicle just as the light harness horse fits the light wheeled road wagon or piano box buggy The tendency of American carriage building has been to lightness of construction This is seen in the piano box side bar, the phaeton, the surrey and many other vehicles of light weight Such a vehicle demands a horse to suit it—a light framed, rangy, stylish horse, nimble and even swift of foot with flowing mane and tail English wagon makers run to the opposite extreme They put the stuff in their vehicles The high and heavy two wheel carts are popular, the mail phaeton and an almost innumbered variety of traps of somewhat similar design are much driven, while the tendency toward the heavy equipage finds this climax in the mailcoach designed for four horses Obviously the horse that is suited to the skeletonlike American road rig is not adapted to the heavy wheeled traps of English pattern Hence we may logically divide harness horses into two types—the light and the heavy, each with its distinctive place

The heavy traps are largely used for city and park driving but in the east where hard roads lead from cities to suburbs no little amount of road riding in dogcart, break or coach is done For the most part the men who breed the harness horses—the farmers of the central west—are not familiar with the sort of vehicle which must be horsed for the city and hence are at sea as to the type of horse to breed

Trotting sires have been largely patronized, with the result that light and rangy horses with low action, lacking size and substance and in many cases wanting beauty of conformation, have been put on the market Most of these horses can step along at a good pace but even those who indulge in road riding no coming to a brand shapeliness as well as speed in their horses The horse breeding districts of the west have been scoured to find horses of suitable size substance and action to go into high priced leather on city streets with broughams landaus coats, hansoms and coaches behind them It is needless to say that comparatively few of them are found which come up to the standard

It is this demand for a heavier horse, a shapelier horse and a horse of higher action than we have been producing from our trotters that leads to the importation of the continental breeds of coachers and the Clydesdale and the hackney Heavy carriages demand heavy horses It needs but a sight of a modern rubber tired brougham to show the horse breeder that the horse which is well adapted to the phaeton or even the surrey will not do in the shafts or at the pole of a vehicle of such weight There must be more bone a larger frame a heavier body but all without coarseness And then the flying extended front of the light road horse must be replaced with the more stately dwelling stride of the coach horse or the quick, high action of the hackney An understanding of what this means demands will help to put the breeder on the right track and will show the farmer that he cannot fill the bill with the horse which has so long been popular with the American public in his search for light vehicles.—Breeder's Gazette

Making Figs Fat

I had 4 pigs that were bought Nov 9 1893 In 3 weeks then were between 3 and 4 months They were fed the leaves of clover hay that I had cut and fed from the new mown wheat and I chopped—2 quarts clover hay and 1½ quarts of chopped Timothy clover were soaked in boiling water and then I chopped added This was fed twice a day, with a very little skimmilk, for a month Then I added one quart of bran and a little corn for another month when I fed about ten ears of corn daily for six weeks From this time they were fed the clover and chop fed in the morning and then filled on corn and a little skimmilk and water at noon and corn and water This was fed until they were killed March 2 1894 They dressed 1851 pounds such Pigs never grew faster than these.—J H Sullwood in Rural New Yorker

Live Stock Points

What to do with bile horses in winter is a hard problem A cold plan in districts where the ground is not frozen solid to the depth of several feet is to use them to do the hauling when you dig a pond for irrigation purposes in summer Many farms have a brook or spring or simply soil in a place high enough to afford considerable fall For a convenient place dig a good sized pond Cover the bottom and side with clay, water cement or wall it as you like It will fill full and stay full In the hot dry weather of summer you can connect it by hose pipe with your farm garden or berry patches and raise bountiful crops in spite of drought Thus your horses will more than pay their way in winter

The kind of stock that you can't keep because it is so good that it eats so much up at once is the kind that you want to raise every time

Breeders of and specialists in the American road horse "It is no better in the world

Shropshires and Oxford Down sheep have wool growing well down on the legs, while the Southdowns have smooth hairy legs

There is many a time good work for farm hands in winter, if their owners will just hustle around and find it, either at home or in neighboring towns

Tomatoes are pretty high in price as a live stock food, especially in the production of pigs and nothing better

Sows bred at 12 months old will bring you litters It does not pay to breed them until they are at least 18 months old

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me" H A ARCHER, M D 11 So. Oxford St, Brooklyn, N Y

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach" CARLOS MARTYN, D D, New York City

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

SAMPLE SHOE SALE!

—AT—

J. M. WAUGH'S SHOE STORE,

31 PUBLIC SQUARE.

We need no introduction, and we have no time to mark goods up.

The Men's Working Shoes that are worth (?)—in introductory sales—$1 75, we shall continue to sell at 87 cts

We shall also continue to sell the Ladies Kid Button Shoes, pat tip, (which at introductory sales would be called $1 50 Shoes) at 93 cts

And by way of introduction (!) we shall still sell Girls Dongola Kid Button Shoes, pat tip, spring heel, for 83 cts

The Ladies' warm lined, hand turned Slippers we have been selling for 60c since Jany 1st

If you want bargains, look at our Bargain Table, and get a pair of Shoes cheaper than anyone ever sold them

J. M. WAUGH,

31 PUBLIC SQUARE

—THE—

First National Bank.

LIMA, OHIO.

CAPITAL $100,000.00

-:- ACCOUNTS SOLICITED. -:-

S S WHEELER, PRESIDENT
O S BRIDGE VICE PRESIDENT
F C CUNNINGHAM, ASSISTANT CASHIER.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION — The Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists. 25 CTS.

I presume we have used over one hundred bottles of Piso's Cure for Consumption in my family, and I am continually advising others to get it. Undoubtedly it is the

Best Cough Medicine

I ever used.—W C. MILTENBERGER, Clarion, Pa., Dec 29, 1894.——I sell Piso's Cure for Consumption, and never have any complaints.—E SNOFFE, Postmaster, Shorey, Kansas, Dec. 21st, 1894.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION — The Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists. 25 CTS.

Before and After Using

Sexine Pills RESTORE LOST VIGOR

New discovery. Will brace you up in a week. Sold with WRITTEN GUARANTEE to Cure Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power in either sex, Involuntary Emissions from any cause. If neglected such troubles lead to consumption or insanity. $1 00 per box by mail, 6 boxes for $5. With every order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Address PEAL MEDICINE Co. Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by Melville Bros, next door to postoffice

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.

The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies. Especially recommended to married Ladies. Beware of Pills put up in tin boxes as they are dangerous. Ask for Dr Mott's Pennyroyal Pills and take no other. Send for circular. Price $1 00 per box, 6 boxes for $5 00.

Dr. Motts Chemical Co, Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold by H F. Vortkamp, 140 North Main Street.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr Peal's) never disappoint. But anywhere, $1 00. Address PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Melville Bros next door to postoffice

Odd Moments

A great deal of work and study may be done if the odd moments of time are systematized Harper's Bazar quotes several examples of those who had acquired the art of working by snatches

A woman who was obliged to wait at the breakfast table for a dozen boarders to straggle down, in the waiting moments manufactured yards of a dainty lace, which she found a profitable way of employing the time

Another young woman who daily waited a quarter of an hour for an elderly friend to go driving, kept a book on the hall table and in the waiting times of one summer managed to do a creditable amount of historical reading

Another kept a book 'going' in each room of the house, and whenever she waited for dinner managed to read a few chapters of whichever book was handiest

The only reading moments of one busy woman was the time she spent every day putting her baby to sleep, and her book was kept in readiness to be used

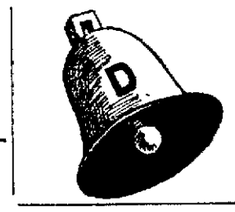
A severe rheumatic pain in the left shoulder had troubled Mr J H Lover, a well known druggist of Des Moines, Iowa, for over six months. At times the pain was so severe that he could not lift anything With all he could do he could not get rid of it until he applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm "I only made three applications of it, he says, and have since been free from all pain" He now recommends it to persons similarly situated It is for sale by H F. Vortkamp, druggist, 140 north Main st.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

D. BELL'S,

- - 10th - -

ANNIVERSARY SALE!



It is just 10 years since we commenced business in Lima, and it has been 10 years of combined progress and advancement, due both to our own efforts and the liberal appreciation of the people of Lima.

To commemorate the occasion fittingly, and at the same time show our appreciation to our customers in a substantial manner,

We Will Sell - - -

For the Remainder of this Week Only:

1. Regular 50c all wool, 46 inch Dress Goods for 29c.
2. One of the most popular new 12 1-2c Wash Goods, for 9c.
3. 85c quality Black Silk, for 59c.
4. 9-4 Bleached Sheeting, for 11c a yard.
5. Regular $1.35 quality Lace Curtains, for 98c a pair
6. Heavy Mixed Tennis Flannels, for 5 1-2c, original price 12 1-2c.
7. The Best 25c Hose in America, for 18c a pair.

THE ABOVE PRICES POSITIVELY

FOR THIS WEEK ONLY!

And to avoid disappointment we would advise an early call.

EXTRA--A handsome little Souvenir will also be given away to each purchaser.

D. Bells

THE LEADING DRY GOODS STORE.

The Lima Times-Democrat.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLS CO.

COUNTING ROOM, 23 NORTH MAIN ST

TELEPHONE CALL, No. 34.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Elder—a son.

W. W. Andrews is very sick from typhoid fever.

Mrs. E. H. Mattice, of south Elizabeth street, is quite ill.

Born—to attorney and Mrs. H. E. Williamson—a daughter.

Trinity Chapter O. E. S. will meet in regular session to-night.

J. F. Brotherton is convalescent from an attack of la grippe.

Rev. R. J. Thomson is confined to his home from the effects of a severe cold.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U. will meet in regular session this evening at 7:30.

Mrs. H. B. Kelly is very sick at her home on east North street, with erysipelas.

Lima Lodge No. 91, K. of P., will meet this evening with work in the Esquire degree.

Miss Mary Law, formerly located in this city, is a candidate for member of school board in Toledo.

John H. Klatte has opened a law office in the Ashton block, in the rooms occupied by Squire Douglass.

The Kendall block, next to the postoffice building, is being remodeled on the second floor and will be arranged for offices.

A wildcat was killed near Lewiston Reservoir yesterday by a 14-year-old boy named Marshall while hunting rabbits. It is a magnificent specimen and will be mounted and placed on exhibition.

The police are using every effort to locate the Lima persons about the train from which the shot that wounded Isaac Fostnaught was fired last Sunday. They have already secured the names of several.

Henry Drayer, a rig builder at Montpelier, Ind., and known here, went to bed with a bottle of chloroform at his side, and was found dead this morning. He had been suffering with toothache and is supposed to have inhaled too much of the drug.

"Adrift in New York"

at the opera house to-night. Good specialties.

TREAT'S Greatest bargain sale is now going on. Good wide brown muslin, only 3c per yard. 26 6t

"Adrift in New York"

at the opera house to-night. Good specialties.

NO MORE BOOZE

Will Be Allowed the Occupants of the Quarantined House.

The occupants of the quarantined boarding house on East Wayne street who are given to intemperance have had a gay time since they have been shut up, but their round of pleasure came to a sudden end yesterday afternoon.

More or less whisky has been sent to some of the men confined in quarantine by friends on the outside, and as a result some of them have been drunk much of the time. Their actions, however, became such that the neighbors raised a remonstrance and yesterday afternoon health officer Stueber issued an order prohibiting the admission of intoxicants to the house.

PENSION EXAMINERS

In Session at Dr. Herrmann's Office To-day to Investigate Disability Claims.

The Board of Pension Examiners of Allen county, composed of Dr. Herrmann, of Lima; Dr. Roush, of Elida, and Dr. Burton, of Westminster, were in session to-day at Dr. Herrmann's office. A number of applicants for pensions were examined during the session.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been and Are Going.

Ed Fritz went to Dayton this morning.

J. S. O'Connor went to Greenville this morning.

Miss Grace Bethards is the guest of Miss Kittie Carey, in Sidney.

Policeman Blair and wife were at Kenton to-day to attend the funeral of a relative.

J. C. Cronin, of Columbus Grove, was in the city to day on his way to Pueblo, Colo.

R. I. Hoyt, of Muncie, Ind., is the guest of C., H. & D. Engineer Harper and family.

B. F. Leech, of west Spring street will go Pittsburgh to-morrow on business and return on Saturday.

Mrs. W. A. German and Mrs. Dr. C. L. Yager, of west Market street, have returned from a visit in Sidney.

Mrs. J. Harry Hoover, of 213 south Main street, will leave in the morning for Cincinnati to visit her parents.

Mrs. Moses C. Tyler of 327 north Elizabeth street, has been called to Ft. Wayne by the illness of her mother.

Mrs. J. G. King, of Marion, Ind., has returned home, after visiting her sister, Mrs. Dave Seder, of north West street.

J. E. Strickler, formerly of this city but now of Columbus, was here to-day on his way to Hume, where an oil well in which he is interested was shot this afternoon.

Mrs. Rachel Ayers, of Sidney, is a guest of her sister, Mrs. H. B. Kelly.

Mrs. Stiles, of Chicago, joined her husband here to-day. Mr. Stiles is a salesman in Lowenstein's clothing store. They have taken up their residence at 541 north Elizabeth street.

Will Foltz went to Plymouth, Ind., yesterday afternoon to appear against the man who was recently arrested at Michigan City, Ind., for stealing his overcoat from a P., Ft. W. & C. passenger coach.

WILL REMOVE.

The Ohio Chemical Works to Remove Their Office to West High Street.

The Ohio Chemical Works, now located in the Holmes block, will soon remove into a portion of the room on west High street now occupied by the Waynesburg Gas company's office.

CHANGED HANDS.

E. F. Davis Disposes of One Branch of His Business to Loren Price.

Loren Price has bought from E. F. Davis the latter's street sprinkling outfit and is having it put into condition for the next summer's work.

Will Be Promptly Filled.

Orders left for any of the following articles at Miss Herryman's milk station, 132 west High street, on or before Thursday, will be filled by the "Girls' Friendly Society" of Christ Episcopal church, on Saturday, between the hours of 9 and 2. Your patronage solicited.

Cakes,
Bread,
Doughnuts,
Lemon Gelatine,
Fruit Gelatine,
Salted Almonds,
Salted Peanuts,
Boston Baked Beans. 1t

They Have Got to Go.

We offer this week: French peas, 10 cents per can; Blueberries, whortleberries, gooseberries and blackberries, 7 cents per can; Green string beans, 6 cents per can; Tomatoes, 7 and 8 cents.

JAMES S. SMITH, the Grocer,
25 3t 219 North Main.

TREAT'S Greatest bargain sale is now going on. Good Apron Ginghams, only 3c per yard. 26 6t

"Adrift in New York"

at the opera house to-night. Good specialties.

TREAT'S Greatest bargain sale is now going on. With every Silk Waist sold this week we will give you two yards of Silesia free. 26 6t

GREATLY EXCITED.

A South Lima Committee Calls and Speaks Its Mind

At a Special Meeting of the Board of Health this Morning.

The residents of South Lima have been in a state of great excitement since the removal of small pox victim Nagley to the pest house.

There were rumors circulated yesterday afternoon that several school children had climbed onto the steps of the ambulance as it passed the Pine street building. Another report was that as the vehicle had passed out east Kibby street, the door stood open and two men were seen holding the patient down in the bottom of the wagon. This, however, must have been exaggrated for when Nagley left the Kiser boarding house he was not very sick, was perfectly rational and equally so when he made his exit from the ambulance at the pest house. Like all other rumors, hundreds of which have been started since the small pox scare, they have been carried from one person to another and always exaggerated to an extent, and by 7 o'clock last night one would judge by the rumors afloat that half of the South Side population had been exposed.

About 7 o'clock last night about fifty of the leading citizens of South Lima appeared in the hall on the second floor of the city building for the purpose of seeing the mayor and demand protection from what they thought to be a threatened epidemic. Mayor Smiley had not recovered entirely from his attack of vertigo of night before last and was unable to leave home, consequently his office was found locked. The citizens then tried to congregate the board of health and confer with them, but none of the members could be found. About 8 o'clock the committee visited health officer Steuber's residence but were informed there that the doctor was not at home. He had retired for much needed rest and as some one had preceded the citizens and had told Mrs. Steuber that the crowd was going to deal severely with the doctor, she became frightened and refused to reveal his whereabouts but when the citizens remained outside and stated their intention to await the doctor's return, the latter's aged father stepped outside the door and informed them that his son was at home, and that he

WOULD SHOOT THE FIRST MAN

that attempted to enter the house.

The citizens were not contemplating doing anything violent, and remarked that nothing was wanted but an interview with the health officer, and seeing they were denied this, they appointed a grievance committee, which came back down town, and issued a notice to the Board of Health to meet with them in the mayor's office at 9 o'clock this morning. They met Sanitary Officer Dan McHugh, who censured them for their actions, and some very unnecessary and unpleasant remarks were passed, and trouble narrowly averted.

After leaving the office, the citizens returned to the South Side, and at 9:30 o'clock this morning, Messrs M. C. Ricketts, C. S. Keller, Minor Crossley, Jack Fisher, John Crumrine, A. Alberts and Adam Simons, who were chosen as the grievance committee to meet with the Board of Health in the mayor's office appeared, accompanied by a few other South Side residents.

Health Officer Steuber, and Messrs Smiley, Hughes, Blosser, Fisk and Stoltzenbach, of the Health Board were present.

Upon motion by Mr. Fisk, all who were not members of the committee were requested to retire, which they did.

Mayor Smiley then called the meeting to order, and stated that the committee claimed a grievance, and he wanted the matter discussed in a friendly and intelligent manner. He said the members of the Board had worked day and night, and had carefully planned every move that had been made, and considered that they had done what was right and best for the good of the people in general.

M. C. Ricketts acted as spokesman for the committee and stated that the committee wanted to know whether or not it was lawful for the health board to move a small pox victim through the streets in daylight. He had not seen any boys on the ambulance but had been told that some did climb on.

Mr. Fisk stated that the local board had been advised by the state board to separate victims from other persons as soon as possible, whether in daylight or darkness. He said the board had driven all over the territory within range of the city and the house on Kibby street was the only one that could be secured.

Mr. Blosser suggested that all

COMPLAINTS BE HEARD FIRST.

Mr. Keller said the south side people wanted to know why the case had been taken out of the house on Wayne street into another house, thus creating two pest houses instead of one, and taking the disease into the south part of the town, which heretofore had been free from it.

Mr. Simons said the pest house was an unsafe structure, and being located on the highway leading into the south side from the country the business interests of the south side were injured.

Mr. Crossley said the drainage from that portion of the territory was back into the city.

Mr. Fisher said the door of the ambulance stood open about three inches as it moved along Kibby street, and that he saw two little girls climb onto the rear steps. He also moved to have sanitary officer McHugh removed from the employ of the health board, and said if he was not a petition would be got out. His motion was not seconded, however.

Mr. Fisk, of the board, then stated that they probably had acted hastily and had made some slight mistakes but he thought the south side people had also acted hastily and might also have made a mistake.

Mr. Stoltzenbach said he had been informed, like Mr. Fisk, by persons who overheard remarks made in the citizens' crowd, though probably not made by members of the citizens' committee, that the members of the board were likely to be mobbed. He said McHugh was the best sanitary officer in the city and would not be released by the board.

Mr. Blosser said he knew McHugh to be a careful and reliable man, and the board would use its own discretion in reference to retaining or dismissing him.

Mr. Hughes said the pest house was located in the only place that could be secured.

Dr. Steuber said a more admirably appropriate place could not be found. As to drainage, he said that nothing left the house that was not disinfected, or burned, if combustible matter. He said he did not see any children get on the wagon.

The committee seemed greatly relieved by the information, and after being assured every precaution would be taken for their welfare, the meeting adjourned.

WORD FROM THE PEST HOUSE.

The following note was received from the occupants of the pest house by the TIMES-DEMOCRAT this morning:

"Pest House:—From the boys, to the citizens of Lima and our friends: We are all feeling good in our new house and hope we will get through O. K. As for danger here there is none, for we can't even hear a frog and the guard says not even a whippoor-will. It is the most lonesome place in the country.

"GUARDS AND PATIENT."

WAS NOT A CANDIDATE

At the Republican Primary Last Monday Afternoon.

At the Republican primary election held in the first ward last Monday afternoon, seventeen votes were cast for J. W. Shanahan for nomination for member of council. Mr. Shanahan is a Democrat, and was a candidate for nomination at the Democratic primary last Thursday. He was in no sense a candidate at the Republican primary, and the action that was taken in placing his name on the ticket was without his knowledge or endorsement.

SERIOUSLY ILL.

A Daughter of Dr. Burton Reported Dangerously Ill To-day.

While Dr. Burton, of Westminster, was attending a meeting of the Board of Pension Examiners, to day, a message came to him from his home bearing the information that his daughter, a young lady of about sixteen, who has been ailing for some time, had become suddenly worse.

AID FOR THE SUFFERING

Will Be Received at the Assembly Room Saturday.

The meeting of the ward committees selected at the public meeting Monday, to solicit contributions for the Ohio and Nebraska sufferers, was held in the council room last night and each ward, except the fifth, was represented by two or more members of the committees.

Upon motion Captain Ed. Christen was chosen chairman of the meeting and C. A. Metheany secretary.

Upon motion by Thomas Daley H. J. Lawlor was added to the First ward committee, Mrs. D. S. Cross was added to the Fourth ward committee and Mrs Wm. McComb, Jr., to the Seventh ward committee.

Upon motion the ward committees were authorized to organize and select sub-committees in their respective districts and proceed with the work of soliciting contributions at once. The ward committees were then instructed to arrange a place in each ward and notify the residents in their respective wards where to deliver contributions.

The provisions which are donated must be delivered at the assembly room of the court house on next Saturday, and upon motion Messrs. Thomas Duffield, C. A. Metheany and H. A. Moore were appointed a committee to receive the same and divide them equally for the Ohio and Nebraska sufferers.

STREET TALK.

The county commissioners at their meeting yesterday afternoon decided to purchase an American flag, 10x36 feet in size, to be floated from the top of a staff sixty feet above the roof of the court house. It will be completed May 1st.

* * *

Lewis F. Ellis, of Lima, Past Department Commander and Acting First Deputy National Commander of the Union Veteran's Union, will be in Toledo this evening. A reception will be tendered him by members of General John W. Fuller command, U. V. U., of this city. All old soldiers are invited to be present at this reception at Grand Army headquarters this evening.—*Toledo Blade.*

TREAT'S Greatest bargain sale is now going on. Standard Prints, only 4c per yard. 26 6t

A Card From Mr. McCullough.

To the Times-Democrat:—Please inform the Democratic voters of the Third ward that I to-day withdraw my name as candidate for councilman as it would be impossible for me to accept the office under any circumstances.

Thanking my friends for the interest taken in my behalf, I am

Very Respectfully,
G. M. MCCULLOUGH.

TREAT'S Greatest bargain sale is now going on. Our embroideries and laces are attracting the attention of all close buyers. The newest effects are shown at the lowest prices. 26 6t

209 North Main Street. REYNO H. TREAT DRY GOODS 209 North Main Street.

DRESS GOODS WEEK!

GRAND DISPLAY OF

Choice - Merchandise

In every department of our store. Come and see us this week. Our second shipment of

Black Crepon, Black Mohairs, Black Jacquades, Black Solids, Black Henriettas and many other weaves in black wool dress goods are here.	Kaikai Silks, Habutai Silks, Taffeta Silks, Ponge Silks, China Silks, Surah Silks, in great variety at taking prices. All new.	Colored Serges, Colored Henriettas, Novelties in all wool. Novelties in Silk and Wool Mixtures, Plaids in the newest colorings. They are very desirable for waists. Just arrived

This Will be Dress Goods Week at Treat's.

Never have we shown such desirable goods at such remarkably low prices. Never, have we been able to do you so much good as now. There is a "Treat" in store for you.

Come and see us this week and buy your wool dress. You will not regret it.

REYNO H. TREAT

209 NORTH MAIN STREET.

DARLING TRIXIE

Laid to Rest 'Mid Sorrowful Tears Last Evening.

Several days ago, Trixie, a pug dog owned by Mrs. Kate Bainer, of 954 South Elizabeth street, became sick. Trixie was greatly beloved by his mistress, and Dr. Blattenberg was summoned, and an operation performed. Trixie got along all right for a few days, but happened to escape from the house and got his feet wet. This produced a cold, which resulted in his death. Mrs. Bainer was devoted to Trixie, and purchased a handsome white casket, lined with silk. On the lid was engraved "Our Darling." A beautiful white robe was drawn over Trixie, who was placed in the little casket, which was covered with floral tributes. Yesterday afternoon the casket and its precious contents were conveyed to a gallery, where a photograph was taken.

The funeral obsequies were held last night, the remains being buried on the Bainer premises.

Trixie is mourned as though a member of the family, and more than one tear was shed at his bier.

TREAT'S Greatest bargain sale is now going on. We will give you a pair of our dollar kid gloves with every Spring Cape bought this week, from $5 00 up. 26 6t

FOOLS

At the Presbyterian Church Friday Night.

Rev. P. S. Hensen will deliver as the last numbe of the Y. M. C. A. Star Course his famous lecture, "Fools." You can't afford to miss it.

The Modern Way

commends itself to the well-formed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

"Adrift in New York"

at the opera house to-night. Good specialties.

TREAT'S Greatest bargain sale is now going on. Curtain poles free with every pair of Lace Curtains sold this week, from $1.00 a pair up. 26 6t

"Adrift in New York"

at the opera house to-night. Good specialties.

TREAT'S Greatest bargain sale is now going on. Skirt and waist lining given with every wool dress purchased this week, from 40c up. 26 6t

TREAT'S Greatest bargain sale is now going on. Ladies' Fast Black Seamless Hose, only 8c per pair. 26 6t

Caught the Town.

Will E. Burton's New York Theatre Co. gave another exellent performance last night at the opera house, the play being "The Wages of Sin." The leading parts were artistically portrayed by Nellie Manning, Arthur Blackaller and L. G. Carter, and the specialties of Maud Burton, Zoe Gwinn, Olive North and Will E. Burton were vociferously applauded. To-night the sensational comedy-drama "Adrift in New York" will be produced.

THE OCTAVEENS

Gave a Delightful Entertainment at Mrs. Thomas' Residence Last Evening.

The Octaveens entertained their husbands at the home of Mrs. John Thomas, on west Market street, last evening, in a very delightful manner. The occasion was designated as Handel night, and a short literary-musical programme in honor of the great composer was excellently rendered by the members. A piano duet, the Hallelujah Chorus from "The Messiah," was rendered by Mesdames S. S. Wheeler and A. T. McDonald, followed by the reading of a paper on the life of Handel, by Miss Lones. Mrs. R. D. Kahle sang "I Know that My Redeemer Liveth," from "The Messiah." Mrs. S. S. Wheeler rendered a selection from Xerxes, after which the Octaveens joined in the chorus of Auld Lang Syne. This ended the programme, which was well executed and highly appreciated.

The supper consisted of a hidden feast and was an exceedingly elaborate affair. The menu was cleverly gotten up in novel style and was just as highly appreciated as it was unique. The occasion was one of the most enjoyable of the many pleasant evenings passed by the Octaveens, their husbands and friends.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

TREAT'S Greatest bargain sale is now going on. Our Dress Trimming department will give you handsome Jet Trimmings for 5c, 10c, 25c, up to $5 00 per yard. 26 6t

Coal.

Mayo continues to sell best Jackson Lump at $3.00 per ton. tf

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

PENSIONS FOR EMPLOYES.

President Ashley, of the Wabash railway, has evolved a new plan for pensioning and providing insurance for the employes of that system. The company is to set aside a certain sum of money each year to be invested as an insurance fund, the men to be paid according to length of service and good record. Five years from now, in 1899, would give the members $1,000 at death. For each five years' service thereafter $1,000 additional would be paid, until the limit as provided is reached. His plan also provides for a pension under which employes who become disabled or grow old in the service will receive stated amounts.

NOTES.

T. P. A. Hartwell, of the Santa Fe, was in town to-day.

Conductor E. C. Sage, of the L. E. & W., is running one of the east locals.

Extra Passenger Conductor Hennessy, of the L. E. & W., is on Conductor Dolan's run.

Conductor J. M. Johnston, of the L. E. & W., is laying off and Conductor J. E. Jeffries is running his car.

Conductor Ed. Andrews, of the C. & E., returned from Chicago last evening and resumed his run on the Marion local this morning.

The *Railway Age* for February contains an illustrated article describing a new railway inspection car which is propelled in precisely the same manner as the ordinary bicycle. It has four steel-rim wheels and is operated by foot power alone. It weighs but fifty pounds and a speed of twenty-five miles an hour can easily and safely be attained with it. It was designed by Charles H. Hartley, formerly of Bucyrus but now of Ashland, Wisconsin. This car is now being manufactured extensively in Huntington, Indiana.

The Pennsylvania company has three systems for heating its trains by steam. The first is the return system, where the steam is forced through the pipes and returned to the locomotive; this system the company prefers to use, and it works well if the train employes understand it and attend to it properly. The second is known as the run-around system, where the steam passes round through the pipes without any coming. The third is the direct system, which can always be relied upon in emergencies, as the steam passes through the entire train and is more easily controlled than when the other apparatus is used.